

Fair tonight; Friday fair and warmer; west to southwest winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MAY 4 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

GERARD EXPECTS TO GET GERMAN REPLY TODAY

Pres. Wilson Will Recall Ambassador at Once if Answer is Not Satisfactory

WASHINGTON. May 4.—Not the slightest doubt is expressed in government circles that, if the reply of Germany to the president's ultimatum is not satisfactory, he will order the immediate return of Ambassador Gerard and the severance of relations between the United States and the German empire.

It is the further official belief that the president will not delay a minute in resorting to the only alternative permitted in the circumstances.

GERARD EXPECTS REPLY TODAY

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Secretary Lansing announced today that a despatch from Ambassador Gerard, dated yesterday, said the ambassador expected to receive today the German reply to the American note demanding immediate abandonment of present practices of submarine warfare.

Secretary Lansing said he was without information of the conference Ambassador Gerard had with Emperor William at grain headquarters. The despatch, Secretary Lansing said, was very brief and contained no indication of the tenor of the German reply. News despatches from Berlin have indicated

the German government hoped it would be received favorably.

Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee called on Secretary Lansing and briefly discussed the German and Mexican situations.

"Judging from the newspapers, the tenseness of the situation with Germany is very much less than it was," said Senator Stone. "It also appears that they have reached some agreement on the border."

PROTEST AGAINST WAR

Thousands of Messages Pour Into Washington Protesting Against Break With Germany

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Printed form letters protesting against any step which may lead to war with Germany began pouring in by the thousands today upon members of congress as the sequel to the telegraph propaganda which swamped the capitol and the telegraph companies last week.

Even the names of the congressmen were printed on the envelopes and everything gave evidence that the letters had been prepared by thousands and required only written signatures.

ELLIOTT CAPTURED NEAR SCENE OF DOUBLE MURDER

Man Wanted for the Killing of George A. Pettis and Daughter Found Heavily Armed in Shed at Thompson, Conn.

THOMPSON, Conn., May 4.—John Elliott, a farm hand, sought for two days by posse as the alleged murderer of Miss Sybil Pettis, a school teacher, and her father, George A. Pettis of this town, was captured here early today. A farmer, Roland Mills, found the man heavily armed in his carriage shed, where he had sought shelter from the rain.

Elliott was captured about a mile and a half from the scene of the shooting.

He was in a very weak and exhausted condition, and made no effort to resist arrest. He was apparently in a stupor when Mills discovered him. The latter ran to a neighbor's house about a quarter of a mile away and notified Deputy Sheriff William F. Bates, who took Elliott into custody.

Even the names of the congressmen were printed on the envelopes and everything gave evidence that the letters had been prepared by thousands and required only written signatures.

He was accompanied by several armed men.

One of Elliott's eyes was nearly closed, and he was cut about the face and head, indicating, it was thought, that he may have had a struggle with Pettis before shooting him. He was apparently suffering from exposure and lack of food. It is now believed that at no time was he very far away. He has made no statement of any kind.

When arrested Elliott had on him two automatic revolvers and one of an ordinary type, between fifty and sixty rounds of ammunition and a small sum of money.

The shooting of Miss Pettis and her father occurred Tuesday at the Pettis home. Mrs. Pettis, a witness of the

double killing, said Elliott shot her husband and then her daughter with whom he was infatuated. When Mrs. Pettis pleaded that her life be spared Elliott, she said, expressed sorrow for his act. Friends of Miss Pettis said she had shown the farm hand much kindness but never had encouraged his attentions. Elliott for some time had been employed at the Pettis home.

Elliott was arraigned before the justice of the peace here later on charges of murder and was ordered held for the grand jury. Physicians stated the prisoner probably would not live to stand trial, as there were indications of a compound fracture of the skull.

Elliott said his mind was a blank regarding what happened after his fight with Pettis.

FRENCH ADVANCING IN VERDUN REGION

Berlin Admits French Have Obtained Foothold in One of the German Advance Posts—More Russian Troops Land in France—British Active

In today's official statement from Berlin admission is made that the French have obtained a footing in one of the German advanced positions in the Dead Man hill region. A French attempt on the German lines west of the hill was repulsed.

Activity by the British on the northern end of the Franco-Belgian line also is reported in the German head-quarters statement, the principal engagement having been during a futile British attempt to advance northwest of Lens, after mines had been exploded.

French Advance

The French are continuing their offensive movement near Dead Man hill in the Verdun region. Following their capture of German positions northwest of the height, announced yesterday, they continued their advance during the night, besides consolidating the positions already taken, according to this afternoon's official bulletin.

No other notable infantry engagements are reported from the western front, but there has been grenade fighting in the Avoine wood, southwest of Dead Man hill and heavy ar-

tillery bombardments elsewhere in the district west of the Meuse and in the Vaux region, northeast of the fortress.

Additional Russian troops have been landed in France for service on the western front. The fifth contingent to arrive at Marseilles reached that port today.

FRENCH CONTINUE TO ADVANCE IN DISTRICT OF DEAD MAN HILL

PARIS, May 4. 12:15 p. m.—The advance of the French in the district of Dead Man hill on the Verdun front was continued during the night, the war office announced this afternoon. The gains made yesterday were increased and consolidated.

As a consequence of the French artillery preparations at Dead Man hill yesterday, the statement says, two Germans surrendered, stating they were the sole survivors of the men in their trench.

Elsewhere west of the Meuse there was an artillery encounter.

French artillery destroyed a munitions depot at Grande Dune, Belgium.

CONSCRIPTION ACT HAS PASSED FIRST READING—LOUDLY CHEERED

LONDON, May 4.—The government's military bill for immediate general conscription passed its first reading in the house of commons yesterday. Its passage was loudly cheered.

SUSPENSION OF TRANSMISSION OF FUNDS TO FRIENDS IN TURKEY

BOSTON, May 4.—Suspension of the transmission of funds from persons in the United States to friends in Turkey was announced by the American board of commissioners for foreign missions today. The order, which the board expects will be only temporary, was due. It was stated to the receipt of a cable from its treasurer, W. W. Peet at Constantinople, directing that no money be received in future for such individual distribution, except to persons connected with the missions of the board. General relief funds are not affected by the order.

Officers of the board said they were unable to understand the reason for the order unless some new condition of affairs had developed in Turkey.

McWilliams & Warner, Asso. Friday.

INTEREST BEGINS SATURDAY May 6th AT The Central Savings Bank 55 CENTRAL STREET

FACTS COME FIRST

Before electric light there must be wiring.

Before wiring come figures and facts.

For full particulars of cost and the figures which we furnish—telephone 821. Our house wiring offer applies to every home.

Lowell Electric Light Corp., 29-31 Market Street Tel. 821.

James Connolly, who is now in a hospital in London, and who may be executed for his part in the Irish revolt, spoke in Lowell in 1902 in the interest of the socialist labor party, when the following advertisement of his meeting appeared in the Sun:

GRAND MASS MEETING
At HUNTINGTON HALL
On Saturday Evening, Oct. 4, '02.
James Connolly, the Representative of Ireland's Socialist Labor Party (Irish Socialist Republican Party), making that speech.

DON'T FORGET TO SEE
McWilliams and Warner
AT THE
Princeton Club Dance
TOMORROW NIGHT
Associate Hall
Boyle's Orchestra

will be the principal speaker. Mr. Connolly, the foremost representative of Socialism in the Emerald Isle, is touring the United States under the auspices of the Socialist Labor Party of America.

COME AND HEAR HIM.
The newspapers at the time said: "In his speech Mr. Connolly pictured conditions in Ireland and claimed that improvement must come, not through home rulers or by force or hatred, but through the principles of social labor."

He evidently changed his mind since

making that speech.

On \$1000, monthly payment \$9.17. On \$2000, payment \$15.34, and so on. Why not pay off that mortgage? Why not buy that house you want? Why not secure your money to build this spring, now, while money is plenty? Interest, 5 per cent. Apply now. Next meeting, Friday, May 12. Shares in new series now on sale. LOWELL CO-OPERATIVE BANK 88-89 Central Block. Phone 80

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton Street Tel. 1513

NEWS FROM CITY HALL AND THE DEPARTMENTS

Mayor Will Ask B. & M. to Hurry Work on Chelmsford St. Bridge—More Traffic Officers Needed

The very slow progress being made by the Boston & Maine in the construction of a new bridge over the railroad tracks in Chelmsford street is the subject of wide complaint at the present time and persons, many of whom use the Chelmsford and Westford street cars, have appealed to Mayor O'Donnell, asking him to use his influence to push the work along. The mayor stated today that he would take the matter up with the Boston & Maine authorities.

The Boston & Maine is working only one gang of men on the bridge at the present time and they work only eight hours. One of the men who complained to the mayor was very indignant about the small force of men employed on the job and allowed that no other city in the country would stand for it. The railroad ought to have three gangs of men employed there.

Elliott was arraigned before the justice of the police here later on charges of murder and was ordered held for the grand jury. Physicians stated the prisoner probably would not live to stand trial, as there were indications of a compound fracture of the skull.

Elliott said his mind was a blank regarding what happened after his fight with Pettis.

Strike Happy Medium.

Mayor James E. O'Donnell has had several requests for more traffic officers and he has also had requests for night officers on the North and South commons, Alken and Moody streets and Pawtucketville square are included in the places for which traffic officers have been asked and the mayor stated this morning that he didn't just what he would do about it. "You just tell me," he said, "that members of the municipal council sometimes find themselves between his satanic majesty and the deep sea. It sometimes happens that the very ones who would ask for something representing considerable expense would be the first to cry to us to keep down expenses. I am going to do my very best to comply with the many requests that have been made, always bearing in mind my appropriation. The public ought not to expect impossible things of me or any other member of the city government. The commissioner of streets has requests or petitions for street lights and other things and he, too, has to watch his appropriation. The best that we can do between the requests for improvements on the one side and the 'keep down' cry on the other is to strike a happy medium and that's what we are endeavoring to do."

The next case on was a double suit, one of the Metz Co. vs. the Boston & Maine railroad and the other was that of the Frontier Iron Works Co. vs. the Metz Co. In the first case the plaintiff company claimed that the railroad failed to deliver to the company's plant 644 rough castings, which had been shipped by the Frontier Iron Works Co. while in the second case the Frontier Iron Works Co. sued to recover payment from the Metz Co. for the said castings. The jury reported a verdict of \$24,10 in the first case, and \$28,50 in the second.

At the opening of this morning's session in the case of Martin Conley of Cambridge vs. the Boston Elevated Co. an action of tort by the woman was passing while entering the Central Square station in Cambridge, said station being in the care of the defendant company. The wife of the plaintiff, it is claimed, was severely injured, to the negligence of a servant of the company in the operation of a turnstile through which the woman was passing while entering the Central Square station in Cambridge, said station being in the care of the defendant company. The wife of the plaintiff, it is claimed, has died since the accident, but there is no allegation that death was due to the accident. The Boston Elevated Co. in its answer denies each and all allegations and states that the wife of the plaintiff was not exercising due care when the accident occurred.

POLICE COURT SESSION

At the opening of this morning's session in the case of Martin Conley of Cambridge vs. the Boston Elevated Co. an action of tort in the sum of \$2000 was started. In this case the plaintiff claims that on Sept. 30, 1914, his wife, Kate Conley, was severely injured, to the negligence of a servant of the company in the operation of a turnstile through which the woman was passing while entering the Central Square station in Cambridge, said station being in the care of the defendant company. The wife of the plaintiff, it is claimed, has died since the accident, but there is no allegation that death was due to the accident. The Boston Elevated Co. in its answer denies each and all allegations and states that the wife of the plaintiff was not exercising due care when the accident occurred.

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NEW SUITS At Special Prices

A fortunate purchase in New York last week allows us to give you these wonderful values on

One Hundred and Fifty
New Suits

And many of our regular suits marked at special prices for this sale.

SUITS at \$14.95

Suits worth up to \$18.50, in all shades.

SUITS at \$17.50

Suits worth up to \$25; great value, but only a small lot, so come early.

SUITS at \$19.95

A fine lot of dressy suits; worth \$25.00 to \$29.50.

SUITS at \$25.00

All new advance styles, long tailored effects; suits worth \$30.00 to \$35.00.

Silk Suits

\$29.50

A beautiful lot of chiffon taffeta and silk faille, also gros de londres; suits worth \$32.50, \$35, \$39.50 and \$45.00.

ON SALE TODAY

COULD TAKE WEST COAST

MEYER SAYS JAPAN COULD CAPTURE IT IN FEW DAYS—CALLS NAVY INEFFICIENT

BOSTON, May 4.—The Pacific ocean could be captured by Japan in a few days and the commerce of the United States locked up like the commerce of Germany is today because of this country's unpreparedness, according to George von L. Meyer, former secretary of the navy, who spoke last night at a meeting of the American Legion in Ford hall.

With other speakers, including representatives of the state and city, Howard Elliott, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad; Roy D. Jones, vice-president, and Dr. J. E. Hansman, secretary of the American legion, Mr. Meyer made an urgent plea for the United States to hasten itself and awaken a latent patriotism to deeds rather than words.

The meeting unanimously placed itself on record as believing that the question of national defence is the most vital issue now before the people of this country, and enthusiastically resolved:

"That we, the members of the American legion, at our quarterly meeting assembled, urge upon our public officials and representatives in Congress, the necessity of a thorough and expeditious examination into the present condition of the armed forces of this country, and

"That we further urge upon such officials and representatives in Congress a speedy enactment of such legislation as may be necessary to enable the United States to successfully resist an armed invasion."

Mention of the name of Theodore Roosevelt—it was mentioned twice—aroused the meeting to loud applause.

Mr. Meyer, who was the last speaker, bitterly arraigned the condition of the country's navy, declaring that the actions and "gitterings" of Congress made it "inefficient, undermanned and unbalanced."

"We have 32 battleships today," said Mr. Meyer. "Of these 12 are useless. That leaves 21. Of that number 11 are in the hospital. That leaves

10. Of that number two have got to have their engines done over. That leaves eight. In reality we have only eight first class battleships. And what do we mean by first class? They have a speed of only 22 knots, and their guns may be elevated only 15 degrees.

"More than half of our fleet of destroyers are out of commission.

"We have a submarine fleet, but the less said about it the better."

Mr. Meyer spoke of the coast defenses, asserting that the guns were inadequate for protection in event of invasion. He scored the government for lack of armored trains and failure to instruct the railroads what to do in case of war, what are strategic points, etc. He deplored the lack of aeroplanes.

Mr. Elliott, a爽 upon the need for awakening the latent patriotism of the country, and referred to the necessity of transpiration in time of war.

"The government should have some shape of policy so that railroads could have a 20 per cent reserve in cars, engines and men and be able to increase trains in war time," he said.

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Tools for Garden and Lawn

HOES, RAKES, SPADES,
SHOVELS, WATER POTS,
WHEELBARROWS

SPECIAL HITZUM LAWN SEED, Lb. 35c
Our Seed is Tested

GET OUR CATALOGUE

Ervin E. Smith Co.

43-49 MARKET STREET

The Bon Marché

DRY GOODS CO.

ASK US ABOUT OUR
Sewing Machine Club

Standard Machines for 5c Down
Don't Delay Too Long

DO IT NOW

Silk Dresses

Styles that are a little different.

Made by Style Creators.

A Big Assortment to Select from and at Modest Prices.

\$10.95, \$12.95,
\$14.95, \$16.95,
\$17.95, \$19.95,
\$22.50, \$25.00,
\$27.50, \$32.50

Latest Styles in COATS

All New, Just in From New York This Week

Checks, Plaids, Velour, Poplins, Gabardines, in all Shades. \$12.95

Worth \$14.95 to \$16.95. Sale Price

OTHER COATS AT

\$7.95, \$9.95, \$14.95, \$16.95,
\$17.95, \$19.95, \$25.00,
\$29.50, \$32.50

The Best Coat Values in Lowell



Beautiful Waists Arriving Daily WONDERFUL VALUES

Our tremendous early purchases of Silk allows us to give you values you cannot get elsewhere

The Largest Stock of Waists in Lowell

A \$12,000 Waist Stock is Here for Your Choice

Special Value in Silks, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$4.98

Other Beautiful Styles at 98c, \$3.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$9.98, \$10.95, \$12.98 up to \$25. Lingerie, Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Radium Silk, Jap Silk, Organdie

COME TO LOWELL'S LEADING WAIST STORE.



REV. A. R. HUSSEY

New Pastor to be Installed at the First Unitarian Church

The installation of Rev. Alfred Rodman Hussey, late of Baltimore, as pastor of the First Unitarian church in this city, will take place at 7:30 o'clock this evening. Those who will officiate in the ceremony include many clergymen of prominence in this and other cities.

Rev. Augustus M. Lord, D.D., of Providence, R. I. will preach the in-

stallation sermon; Rev. James Do- mandie, D.D., of Roxbury, will

make the prayer; greeting to the pa- ter will be extended by Rev. William Geoghegan of New Bedford; the right of fellowship on behalf of the Lowell clergy will be offered by Rev. Allan Conant Fenn of the High Street Congregational church; Frank E. Dunbar, Esq., will extend a welcome to the parish and to the city; and Rev. Charles Towne Billings, the former pastor, will deliver the address to the people of the parish.

Installation sermon: Rev. James Do- mandie, D.D., of Roxbury, will make the prayer; greeting to the pa- ter will be extended by Rev. William Geoghegan of New Bedford; the right of fellowship on behalf of the Lowell clergy will be offered by Rev. Allan Conant Fenn of the High Street Congregational church; Frank E. Dunbar, Esq., will extend a welcome to the parish and to the city; and Rev. Charles Towne Billings, the former pastor, will deliver the address to the people of the parish.

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GRAND PAGEANT SCENES

American History Beautifully Portrayed at Hathaway's Theatre by School Children

American history was portrayed in gorgeous pageant scenes at Hathaway's Theatre in Shattuck street last night, hundreds of school children in costume presenting events from Columbus to colonial days. The entertainment was held under the auspices of the Spanish War Veterans of this city and Miss Ida Wood of Memphis, Tenn., proved to be an able director.

There were several hundred grammar school children in the presentation of the various scenes. They were costumed in an appropriate manner, and all the participants showed that they had undergone careful training for their parts. Especially good were the younger children.

One of the features was the court of Spain, a scene in which Columbus and Queen Isabella are depicted. In this scene Columbus is seen pleading with Queen Isabella for her sanction to cross the seas in the hope of discovering new land.

The Vision of Columbus is a sequel. Here is presented a dream of things soon to come true, yet so vague, so indefinite, seemingly so impossible, that Columbus awakens with a start, and is unable to collect himself for a time. It is a dream only. Its effect is seen, however. Columbus believes in dreams, unlike some people, and his dream comes true.

The next number on the program is a scene from Indian life and the Indians are portrayed by girls and boys appropriately costumed. The Puritans bidding farewell to home is another good one. This is an effecting scene.

The long and sad journey across the water intervenes, after which is the memorable landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth, followed by the festive gathering of colonial children. This concludes the historical pageantry.

Then comes "The Realm of Columbia and Uncle Sam." Boys and girls represent the leading countries of the world, each being costumed in an appropriate manner. This is a very patriotic feature, in which American is described as the only great country of the world beloved by all nations.

In the various numbers appear pupils of all the grammar schools, and they will continue to participate the rest of the week, with occasional changes to give the widest opportunity to the schools to introduce their favorites.

The features will not be entirely the same as upon the opening night. On the contrary, they will be largely new, for certain sets of pupils have been trained for certain work that will have its examination tonight, Friday and Saturday nights, with Saturday matinee.

The enterprise is one of the most elaborate ever conceived and carried out in Lowell, as may be judged from the fact that it introduces between 500 and 600 pupils. The proceeds are to be applied to the restoration of property destroyed in the Memorial hall fire. Among the participants and the features last night and to be presented are:

Ancient Britain
"The Coming of the Cross" to be produced Friday and Saturday nights.

Court of Spain
Scene depicting Columbus in conference with Queen Isabella prior to permission to start for the unknown land. Queen Isabella (1) Dorothy Jarvis, (2) Dorothy Nolan.

Columbus (1) Douglas Flynn, (2) Scott Hume.

Queen's attendants—Katherine Corcoran, Lillian Blessington, Florida Marchand, Isabella Leonard.

Courtiers—John Cogger, Wilfred Lorrain, Thomas Curran, Geo. Coppel, John Leary, John Motley, Frederick Crowley, Roderick Baldwin, Paul McGaugh, Walter Wright, George Cowell, Paul Bannister.

Pages—Marguerite Fall, Alice Carroll, Grace Walker.

Heralds—Ralph Rogers, Geraldine Merrill.

Spanish chorus—Angelina Boule, May Crowley, Anna Lyons, Alice Phillips, Mildred Mansur, Jenny Abodeley, Celina Benwell, Nora Murphy, Esther Nicholas, Rosanna Verrault, Laetta Durand.

Columbus' Vision

Columbus—David C. Doyle.

Spirits—Mary Barbera, Annette Foster, Grace Gillis, Lucy Lemkin, Josephine Tragac, Agnes Dylas, Marguerite Conway, Anna O'Neill, Gweneth Flanders, Ruth Flanders, Remona Britton, Marion Carroll, Viola Mitchell, Lucille Lemkin, Mildred Sprague, Gladys Cottrell, Gladys McKeely, Marguerite Riley, Frances Palsied, Gladys Driscoll, Margaret Riley, Ethel L. Dunlay, Hazel Wright, Ruth Dickenson, Flora M. Long, Clara L. Kittredge, Florence M. Bennett, Pauline L. Hardman, Ethel Howard.

Scene from Indian Life

Prologue—Estelle Sears.

Ethel Kenworthy, Eleanor McPaden, Mary Cullinan, Mabel Sullivan, Margaret Poll, Margaret Conlin, Minnie Durstoff, Addie Williamson, Floretta Marchand, Belle Daull, Anna O'Connor, Catherine Nason, Margaret Tighe, Irene Foster, Genevieve Paul, Yvonne Fenton, Dorothy LeDue, Luis Canas, Esther Bertram, Gladys Coughlin, Ellen Winters, Rebecca Winters, Mildred Hett, Margaret Rourke, Alvena Mellon, Anna Targ, Alice Hurley, Mary Hartley, May Marsten, Lillian Ready, Ruth Richards, Bernice Cullinan, Theresa Hughes, Elizabeth Sheen, Marguerite Reid, Ethel Watson, Eva Honelin, Violet Worcester, Emma Fitzgerald, Marguerite Mulligan, Alice Beedy.

Bidding Farewell to Home

Prologue—Violet Wood, Madeline Day.

"Dear Home, Farewell," Anna Bell

McAugh.
Company—Esther McLaughlin, Alida Hibbard, Mary Dzidro, Bello Hill, Helen Bentz, Nora Murphy, Anna Riley, Anna Carney, Victoria Toleksa, Sophie Hayden, Sadie Pritchett, Helen Pickels, Pauline Bliscomette, Mildred Nason, Anna McCan, Dorothy Larson, Anna Asmabel Maughan, Agnes Jelous, Ruth O'Grady, Helen Clark, Mabel Mackney, Blanche Scott, Mary Quinn, Ethel Ready, Helen Wozniack, Helen Farrell, Louise Ferron, Marie Saksow, Ruth Hughes, Madeline O'Brien.

Episode from King George III, to be Presented Friday and Saturday.

King George III—Raymond Parent.

Queen—Anna Nolan.

General Gage—Henry Hope.

Archbishop—Frederick Leary.

Benjamin Franklin—Arthur Faubert.

William Pitt—Romeo Barbera.

Captain—John Cogger.

Washington—Eveline Lorrain.

Soldiers—Ernest Lorrain, Fred Counter, Ralph Estebrook, Carl Dodge, Edward Dockett, Robert Willert, Howard Hopkins, Paul Judge, Paul Innesson, Frank Sexton, George Washington, David Quill.

A Colonial Garden Party

Davis Peabody, Mabel Rodger, Walter Hayes, Harold Lindley, Gladys Fox, Ernest Lorrain, Edward Duckett, Karl Dodge, Agnes Stickney, Paul Banister, Floretta Marchand, Helen McShane, Elizabeth Green, Eveline Cliff, John Cogger, Wilfred Lorrain, Thomas Corcoran, George Caffel, Walter Sargent, Salom Leary, Henry Peabody, Gladys Proctor, Gertrude Donahue, Doris Fisher, Ruby Cochrane, Lillian Blessington, Pauline L. Hardman, Alice Carroll, Mildred Webb, Kathleen Scott.

Scene from the Life of Benjamin Franklin, Court of France, 1751

Queen—Maria Antoinette—Annie Cooney, Mildred Puzzell.

Ladies and courtiers—Marguerite Goggin, Alice Carey, Mary Mooney, Loretta Sullivan, Marguerite Conlin, Irene Foster, Eleanor McPaden, Minnie Durstoff, Mary Geary, Marguerite Tighe, Edith Matley, Madeline Williamson, Elizabeth Morgan, Madeline Lynch, Alice Carroll, Elizabeth Sheen, Madeline Meyer, Rose Boyle, Thelma Hughes, Charlotte Douglas, Minnie Turcotte, Anna O'Connor, Grace Harrington, Lois Hopkins, Alice Douglas.

Rose bidders—Lillian Blessington, Gertrude Donahue, Isabel Leonard, Ruby Cockerling, Doris Fisher, Gladys Proctor, Gladys Devaney, Mildred Webb, Doris Sabourin, Grace Walker, Katherine Corcoran, Florida Marchand, Alice Carroll, Mildred Webb, Kathleen Scott.

FOR ST. LOUIS' CHURCH

A delightful ice cream party for the benefit of the new St. Louis' church was conducted in the parochial school hall last evening under the auspices of the Third Order of St. Francis.

Miss Alice Heierl being in charge.

The attendance was large and the receipts were very substantial. A varied entertainment program was given, those taking part being Misses Bousquet, M. Asselin, Blanche Jodoin, Messrs. E. S. Desmarais, Arcille Brunelle, Jules Morissette, Edouard Desrosiers, Telesphore Beauparlant and Mrs. O. J. David.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

When you go to the B. F. Keith theatre, this week and witness the champion orange packers and wrappers and their attendant box makers you will be getting a breath of wonderful Southern California, where the principal industry consists of the raising of oranges, lemons and grapefruit.

You will get something of the atmosphere of that fair land. The two young women and the two men, who constitute the act, are literally what they say they are—real champions among the thousands of men and women who are engaged in the orange growing and shipping industry.

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Absolutely Pure 100% Turkish Tobacco

10 Cents for 10



You Can Smoke Straights with all the Confidence in the World, Gentlemen

WHAT other manufacturer of cigarettes can show a room like this? It is only a section of one floor, yet on all the other floors of the STRAIGHTS factory you will see the same wonderful appearing workrooms, the same intelligent looking people at work. There are no secrets in The American Tobacco Company's cigarette business. The STRAIGHTS factory is wide open for your inspection. From top to bottom it is full of interest.

IT is always the same — never has to be "fixed up," whether the visitor be a M'Cann or the most humble cigarette smoker. Mr. M'Cann, the arch-enemy of filth and deception in food products, cries to the world — "Cigarette Maker Puts Food Makers to Shame." For no darkness, dirt nor disease lurks in the STRAIGHTS factory — as you can plainly see.

CONSIDER with these methods of manufacture the fact that nothing but Turkish Tobacco is used in STRAIGHTS — Receiving Clerk Boyd's affidavit stating that in all his five years

of service he has never seen any but Turkish tobacco from bonded warehouses and bearing the original Turkish markings come into the STRAIGHTS factory; General Manager Vale's affidavit attesting to this fact, and finally, Vice-President O'Brien's statement, breathing confidence from beginning to end, that the public, once they smoked STRAIGHTS, will know that it is the millennium in ten-cent pure Turkish cigarettes and will appreciate it as such.

CONSIDER, furthermore, the pictures and affidavits which we printed in previous advertisements, all to acquaint you with the care with which The American Tobacco Company purchases the leaf in Turkey and examines and re-examines it — the novel Blending Board which patiently tests the different crops in order to maintain the general excellence of the blends — all these various processes of manufacture to convince you that it is *only reasonable* to expect the satisfying smoke which STRAIGHTS give you — equalled nowhere at the price.

REMEMBER we want everyone who can to visit the STRAIGHTS factory, 337-347 West 27th Street, New York City. A postal with your name and address will bring the cards of invitation promptly.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE TEACHING PROFESSION

Professor Warren C. Shaw uttered many home truths in his exceptionally fine address before the Lowell Teachers' Organization relative to the teaching profession. Teaching is all that he said, and more, albeit a comparison with other professions is not necessary in order to prove it. For the lawyer, or doctor, or theologian to deny the dignity and importance of teaching would be to deny the force that makes each effective in his sphere because the teaching profession is necessary for the development of all other professions.

There was a great deal of truth in the complaint that the world underestimates the teacher, because unfortunately the world is dazzled by the things that bring greater financial recognition. The daily drudgery of the schoolroom does not awake the thrill of admiration from the superficial, but it is this routine fidelity that shapes the character of the individual and ultimately moulds the character of the nation. Mr. Shaw need make no apology to an audience of teachers for having encouraged young men and women of exceptional ability to become teachers, though they will have to remain unshod to see its surpassing dignity.

The fault in the public judgment of the teaching profession, however, does not lie wholly with the public; it is partly due to the indifference and shortsightedness of the state. The teaching profession will not be what it ought to be until our most brilliant young men take it up as they now take up the law or medicine, but unfortunately too often teaching is the last resort when all else has failed. Our normal schools have no male students, and many of our young men teachers are college graduates who have secured an excellent academic education but who have not specialized in the science of teaching.

This condition should not exist. The teaching profession should attract our best men and women, and the ideal of itself will not do it—even though the teacher is born, not made. When the state and the nation put the teaching profession on the same high plane as all other professions—and it belongs there—the condition of which Mr. Shaw complained will surely be amended in short order.

REDUCING UNEMPLOYMENT

There is practically no unemployment in this country at the present time, except where labor troubles or chronic aversion to labor keeps men out of work temporarily or otherwise. This is an abnormal condition, and while it may last during the war, it cannot last long afterwards. Some degree of unemployment must always exist in a country so vast and populous as ours, and no less reliable an authority than the secretary of labor stated that, according to the census of 1900 and 1910, six million men are out of work during the year, most of them for months at a time. According to figures compiled by experts, unemployment represents a wage loss of \$1,000,000,000 annually, and it is almost wholly preventible. It is said that in most cases, industries are looking for work in one section where workers are out of employment in another, and it is the aim of the government and private agencies to adopt a mobile elastic system that would tend to eliminate unemployment throughout this country.

Our immigration problem is closely related to our unemployment problem. The advent of immigrants in large numbers and their employment at the lowest wages is one of the causes for fluctuations in industry, but as soon as the immigrant has joined the ranks of labor he suffers equally with the native from every disorganization of the labor market. The entire problem is as important for the employer as for the employed since to get the proper type of workers is quite essential to success in industry.

Among the suggestions now being made to the government are that immigration be distributed more intelligently so that the newcomers may be sent where they are needed and where they would find the better opportunity. Instead of being crowded into cities already congested, a system of national exchange is also proposed, and government employment agencies like that of Germany where it is said unemployment is almost unknown. It is also proposed that the government appropriate funds for the advancement of railroad fares and transportation and that a department of labor be established to do for industry what the improved consular service is doing for our foreign trade.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Every time there is a discussion of some new building or something of the sort, Lowell must realize how very restricted is its municipal area. If the proposed building is in the nature of a postoffice or other public building, all possible sites must be found within a very limited circle, otherwise it will be wholly away from the business centre of the city. The city area of Lowell was so cramped and restricted at first that the city has suffered from lack of room, and what we need figuratively and literally is "room for improvement."

What are the improvements that we

that Germany is set against a break with the United States, while being averse to changing its mode of submarine warfare. It cannot hold to both points at the same time. If it would avoid a break with us, it must change its policy and that speedily since Washington intimates that this government will not wait much longer for the German reply. The stupidity of German diplomacy was never more in evidence than at the present time, this treatment of the latest American note being a fine illustration of it.

BANK ADVERTISING

Anything more illogical and more foolish than a recent action of the bank commissioners of New Hampshire it would be hard to imagine. They issued an order forbidding the banks of that state to advertise, giving as the reason that "the first duty of a mutual savings bank is to its depositors and that an expenditure of money for the purpose of increasing its business must necessarily result in an impairment of the financial power of the institution." Bank commissioners who rule in this manner are out of touch with the times. All great banks advertise, in one way or another, and the bank that advertises best will eventually do its duty to its depositors in the fullest measure. Moreover, bank advertisements in the daily papers are an incentive to thrift as they promote the habit of saving, and this will do more good to the people than any foolish conception of antique dignity such as apparently permeates the bank commissioners of New Hampshire.

SEEN AND HEARD

When it comes to marrying, men display a lot more taste than women.

As soon as the girl gets old enough to quit, believing in Santa Claus she would follow! The city would look forward to a larger population, increased housing facilities, increased possibilities of development. It would have what it now lacks, viz: "room for improvement."

UNPAID TAXES

We recently called the attention of Sun readers to the warning sent by Chief Gettymore to the city of Lawrence which has been especially negligent in the collection of unpaid taxes. He declared that unless these taxes were collected as they should, it would lead to an immediate increase in the tax rate. The press of Lawrence has taken in the matter up and many editorials have been written urging the Lawrence authorities to collect the taxes without permitting any class to enjoy the unfair privilege of escaping the responsibility of paying their share towards the government of the city. The following excerpt from the Sun-American might be taken to heart by all municipalities and acted on with advantage:

The reason for non-enforcement of collection is not because of lack of power. It lies deeper, in the refusal to take the measures that are necessary. For instance, there are thousands of dollars owed the city by men in its employ, for poll taxes. All that would be necessary would be to withhold this amount from the pay, and return a receipted bill in lieu of wages, to the extent that is due. This has been done elsewhere, and has been tried in a few instances in Lawrence. The difficulty is that it is a very unpopular one with the men who are handled in this fashion. In past years, it has not been considered good politics, for these men have votes.

The closing sentence, especially, hints at a situation that is universal. To pay taxes is not popular and to collect them is scarcely more so. Yet, taxes must be collected and, the only fair and sensible system is to collect them in each and every instance except where the payment is absolutely impossible.

A SLOW ANSWER

Perhaps there is no equivalent for "Immediately" in the German language, and this may explain the delay in the answer to President Wilson's last note. That note demanded an immediate answer and a favorable one, otherwise relations would be broken. The answer has not been immediate as it is now two weeks and over since the note was sent, and no one can say if authoritatively whether it will be favorable or otherwise. We are told

GRANDMOTHER KNEW

There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard plaster burned and blistered while it acted. You can now get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister.

MUSTEROLE does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin.

Just massage MUSTEROLE in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.

And there is nothing like MUSTEROLE for Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Tonsils, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Headache, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



the boy, isn't it wicked for him to kick back?"

"Yes, indeed, it is certainly very wicked," was the mother's reply.

"Then, I don't play with Richard Whittemore any more," said Eugene.

"He's too wicked. I kicked him this morning and he kicked me back."

—Chicago Journal.

WANTED TO BE SURE

Buffalo Jones was telling an after-dinner story: "Pete had charge of the animal tent, and among his pets was a leopard, the only one with the snow. He was a bad leopard, too, and gave Pete far more trouble than all the rest of the menagerie together. One day, when the show was in New Jersey, I went out to Chicago to arrange some business. When I was having dinner a telegram was handed me. It read: 'The leopard has escaped. Prowling about the town. What shall I do?' Pete."

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"Which spot?"—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

HORRID OLD THING

An engineer of the Boston & Maine railroad, showed rare (?) judgment Sunday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock, when he passed through the tunnel on his locomotive, by choosing that place as the spot to "clean out" his engine, by blowing out oil, dirt and other waste.

As a result of his "fore sight," 30 complaints for bespattered clothing were lodged with Station Master Whitehead up to 9 o'clock Sunday evening. The engine came up through the tunnel just when a large crowd of people were congregated in Town House square. From some portion of the engine, a lot of steam was escaping, and everyone in the vicinity, even as far as Roper's corner, felt a cloud of mist strike their face. Then it was discovered the damage that had been done. White collars were tastefully decorated with little spots of oil, as was the clothing of the passengers. Some 50 people suffered in the affair, and complaints were at once lodged with Station Master Whitehead and will be forwarded to headquarters. The engineer's ears must have burned at the "complimentary" things said about him by people dressed in their Sunday best who were put to all sorts of inconvenience by his lack of judgment. The claim department may have several claims to adjust, as a result of the incident.

—Salem, Mass.

"THE BILL BOARD"

A paraphrase of "The Old Oaken Bucket."

How dear to our hearts are the "signs" of our city.

When swift moving Fodlings present them to view.

The song of the pill a day, the chorus girls' giddy.

The breakfast food ads which our infancy knew,

The beautiful ads made with gallons of colors,

Slapped into our faces from every old sign,

Advise us how we should spend all our dollars.

To buy with our cash things we don't need at all.

Chorus:

The red painted sign-boards,

The green-lettered posters,

The ugly old sign-boards that cover our walls.

These crazy old sign-boards I have as a treasure,

For often at noon when I'm going out to lunch I find them a source of most exquisite

Alas! Now no more will I see that gay bunch!

No more will I see them with eyes that are glowing,

Believing the marvelous wonders they tell,

For soon they'll be gone, they'll be gone,

So sweet, dreamy Mayo's and Zira, farewell!

Chorus:

The scrap-littered sign-boards,

The brazen-faced bill-boards,

The gaudy creations that plaster

our walls.

Soon art-signs will tell us in drawings

Of corsets and whiskies and any old thing,

Not red, bloody scarlets, but colors are at

title,

The first that painters and artists can sing!

We're all to be given free art edu-

cations,

Theo's tears of regret will be thick as the dews

When fancy reverts to the old-time

creations,

And signs for the bill-boards that hit all our views.

Chorus:

The hideous sign-boards,

The impudent ad-boards,

The shocking attractions hung on

our walls.

—Leon Stern.

THE STARS IN MAY

Of considerable interest to star gazers are the planets for May. Mercury entered the evening sky yesterday, and on May 12 it reaches its greatest distance east of the sun. For a few days before and after this date it may easily be detected shining in the twilight glow for nearly two hours after sunset. It should be looked for in the northwest, only a short distance above a point of the horizon which is a little farther toward the north than the point at which the sun was seen to set. Venus is by far the brightest and most glistening object now in the heavens. No one who turns toward the western sky in the evening can fail to have his attention arrested by this exceedingly brilliant evening star. It will pass to the right of the sun and leave the evening sky on July 4. At present the planet is wonderfully brilliant and so high in the heavens that it sets far in the west so late as seven hours after sunset. It attains its greatest brilliancy on May 27, at which time it will shine with less than 120 times the brightness of the first magnitude star. No observer who possesses a small telescope should fail to study Venus from time to time during the present month. He will see its shape change rapidly to that of a narrow crescent, as more and more of the right side of the planet is turned toward us, and he may even at times detect the faint illuminations sometimes seen on this darkened hemisphere, and which are probably caused by auroras in the night skies of our sister world. He will also see that the line of division between the dark and the sunlit part of the planet is by no means a sharp line, but that it fades gradually in some places and is irregular in others. This is the twilight of Venus, and tells clearly that this world is surrounded by a heavy atmosphere. Venus is in its eastward motion with planet Saturn on June 24, and will again pass

between the earth and the sun.

The planet is moving eastward into

the night, and is still a conspicuous object in the heavens, though its distance away

is now so great that it is not a very satisfactory object in the telescope. Jupiter is in the morning sky, rising one hour and 10 minutes before the sun on May 1, and two hours and 30 minutes before sunrise on May 31. It has not yet, however, sufficiently emerged from the sun's rays to be in very favorable position for observation. Saturn is near the middle of the constellation Gemini, sufficiently high above the ground to be very well viewed in the early evening. The rings are well opened out, and these with their brighter moons make it one of the most interesting of all objects in the telescope. This is the last month of the present year, however, during which Saturn can be satisfactorily observed in the early evening.

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"Which spot?"—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

HORRID OLD THING

WASHINGTON, May 4.—That the United States and Denmark will conclude within a few weeks negotiations for the purchase of the Danish West Indies is a report emanating from reliable sources here.

It is said that both Secretary Lansing and Ambassador Brunel have been discussing the matter for several months and that they have now agreed on the price and all other details.

Practically all that remains to be done is to conclude negotiations and bring about the transfer of sovereignty to the United States.

It is said to be the plan of the two governments to get simultaneous ratification of the purchase, and in order to bring this about, the state department will make every effort to secure favorable action at a single executive session of the senate.

In the second Roosevelt administration both Denmark and the United States had concluded arrangements for the purchase, the United States senate had ratified the agreement, but the Danish parliament declined to confirm the arrangement after it had become the subject of political maneuvering in Denmark. The present effort to obtain prompt and simultaneous action by both governments is intended to defeat a repetition of such a development.

The Danish West Indies are considered of considerable strategic value by naval experts.

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LIFE SENTENCES 65,000 ON STRIKE

Tracey and Rogers, Convicted of Murder, Sent to State Prison

BOSTON, May 4.—Life sentences in the state prison were imposed today upon Frank J. Tracey and Delavan J. Rogers, who were found guilty last Monday of second degree murder for the killing of Samuel Cohen, a junkman. Cohen was shot after being lured to a house in the south end for purposes of robbery. Tracey was captured later at Jersey City, N. J., and Rogers at Fort Madison, Iowa. At the trial each accused the other of the shooting.

ORDERS BOYS WHIPPED

COURT RULES ON THEFT OF LEAL FROM GRAVESTONES BY THREE LYNN BOYS

BOSTON, May 4.—Three boys were yesterday found guilty in the Lynn court of stealing lead from gravestones in Pine cemetery, Lynn. Judge Lummus, presiding at the Lynn Juvenile court, ordered that the boys be given a whipping by their parents in the presence of a police officer.

If the parents of the boys do not attend to the punishing of the boys by whipping them on or before May 10, Judge Lummus declared he will then consider whether to send the boys to the Lynn school.

SEN. O'GORMAN TO RETIRE

ANNOUNCES HIS DETERMINATION TO RETIRE FROM SENATE NEXT MARCH

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Senator O'Gorman of New York in a statement today announced his determination to retire from the senate next March. "When my term expires on March 4, 1917," the statement said, "I shall have completed an uninterrupted public service of 24 years, 18 years as a judge and six years as a senator. My personal affairs now require and should receive my undivided attention."

FIRE FOLLOWS EXPLOSION

5000 TONS OF OIL BELONGING TO RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT BLOWN UP IN MOSCOW

BERLIN, May 4.—(By wireless to Sayville)—Revolutionary workmen in Moscow have exploded kerosene and benzine tanks belonging to the Russian government, according to reports from Stockholm received by the Overseas News agency. The reports say that more than 5000 tons of the oils were destroyed.

Fire which followed the explosions spread to the administrative and other buildings in the neighborhood of the tanks and is still burning.

NO. CHELMSFORD NEWS

Several contracts for the construction and equipment of the new high school in Chelmsford Centre were awarded last evening by the special committee appointed at the annual town meeting held last month. The awards were as follows: Alway & Mello, Lowell, brick work, carpentry, mason work, plastering and painting, amount of bid, \$4,936; heating and ventilation, H. H. Richardson, Chelmsford Centre, amount of bid, \$7500; plumbing, Hobson & Lawler, Lowell, amount of bid, \$1567; electrical work, W. L. Hinckley, Lowell, amount of bid, \$781. The total of the lowest bids is \$51,867.

The other bids sent in were as follows:

Construction work: E. A. Peabody, Lawrence, \$19,000; Edwards & Monahan, Chelmsford, \$7,145; Thomas W. Johnson Co., \$48,377; Staples Bros., \$6,900; D. H. Walker, \$15,545; Burton M. Wiggin Co., \$52,128; Charles E. Currier Co., Boston, \$12,855; E. W. Pitman, Lawrence, \$17,261; Nashua Building Co., \$4,967; John W. Duff, Inc., Boston, \$53,765.

Heating and ventilation: Farrell & Conaton, \$8394; M. J. Maher & Co., Worcester, \$8270; Edward A. Burrows, Boston, \$9,147; Chisholm & Co., Boston, \$7665; Welsh Bros., \$2625; E. T. Shaw, \$3,600.

Plumbing: H. H. Wilder, \$205; J. F. McMahon & Co., \$2107; H. H. Richardson, \$19,000; Chisholm & Co., \$1750; T. Costello & Co., \$1918; John E. Drury, \$1,665; J. J. Spillane & Co., \$2150; Farrell & Conaton \$1780; Scott & O'Day, \$1,557; Thomas H. Murphy, \$1,584; Welsh Bros., \$1,995.

Electrical work: L. A. Derby & Co., \$4,92; George A. Hill, \$570; G. W. Conant & C. H. May Co., \$1,041; Hinckley, \$784.

The total amount borrowed at a vote of the annual town meeting was \$55,000. Bids were received for the construction and equipment of the building some time ago but they were in total beyond the amount appropriated for the building and second bids were called for.

The high school will be of brick construction and will contain 14 rooms. There will be no assembly hall. The land on which the building is to be erected was formerly the Timothy Adams land which was purchased by the town two years ago. The land was cleared for the erection of the high school this year.

GRASS AND RUBBISH FIRES Scores of permits for the building of grass and rubbish fires have been issued through the office of the chief of the fire department during the past several weeks. Almost as large a number of permits have been issued from the office of the water board at city hall, where permits can be received if more convenient than going to the central fire station.

Owing to the weather conditions this spring the number of grass fires has been comparatively small and the recent heavy rains have resulted in an abundance of green grass which is not so susceptible to fire as the dry brown grass.

HEADS KINDERGARTEN UNION CLEVELAND, O., May 4.—Miss Catherine R. Walkins of Washington, D. C., was re-elected president of the International Kindergarten union at its convention here today.

FOUND FOR DEFENDANTS

REINICKER CASE WENT TO U. S. COURT BECAUSE PLAINTIFF IS CITIZEN OF FINLAND

After four days of actual trial in the district court of the United States at Boston, Judge Morton presiding, a jury, yesterday afternoon, found for the defendants in the case of Julius Reinicker against Sergeant of Police Bartholomew Ryan and Patrolman Patrick Sullivan of Lowell. The case was reported briefly in The Sun yesterday.

The arrest out of which the suit grew was made on the night of October 25, 1914. It seems that Reinicker, who was under the influence of liquor, was making things lively at his home on Charles street, but it was not at his home that the officers first got him. He was taken in the street and the officers tried to avoid an arrest. They took him home twice and it was on the second time home that Reinicker showed fight. While in the alley near his home he struck Patrolman Sullivan and they ran into the house. The officers followed him in and Reinicker gave them battle in the kitchen, refusing to let them club him to subdue him and in the fight ensued. Windows were smashed and things were turned upside down. The officers called for the patrol wagon and Reinicker was taken to the police station.

Later Reinicker was arraigned in police court on the charge of drunkenness and was found guilty. Then he sued for assault and false imprisonment, claiming damage to the amount of \$5000, alleging that his injuries developed deafness, dizziness, headaches and nervous disturbances. He said he was not drunk and that he was not given an opportunity to get either an interpreter or counsel to assist him in police court. He also claimed that he did not offer any resistance when arrested, that there was no glass broken in his kitchen windows and that he was unable to go to work for three weeks after the rough handling given him by the officers.

The defense, however, succeeded in battering down about all of the formidable things that Reinicker put up. Their first step was to produce the interpreter that he had in police court and they further showed that the interpreter had been in Boston with Mrs. Reinicker for the purpose of engagin a certain lawyer there to defend Reinicker in police court. They were unable to get the lawyer they wanted and just for that Reinicker went to trial without counsel. To prove that there were panes of glass broken in the kitchen windows, the defendants produced the man who replaced the glass. Then they tackled Reinicker's testimony relative to the three weeks of idleness as the result of his scrap with the officers and produced Reinicker's boss in the mill who stated that Reinicker was one week instead of three.

The reason that the case was taken to the United States district court was because the complainant, Reinicker, was a citizen of Finland suing citizens of the United States. The jury found that Reinicker was drunk when arrested and that he struck Patrolman Sullivan before the arrest was made. The jury also found that the alleyway in which the arrest was attempted was a public place and that the officers had the right to arrest Reinicker for intoxication even though he had not assaulted the officer. City Solicitor Harold A. Varnum and William A. Hogan appeared for the defendants and J. Alfred Anderson of Boston for the plaintiff. If appeal is taken the case will go to the United States court of appeals.

The strikers are masons and plasterers who have been getting \$4 a day for their work and they want \$8.00. As both the Pittsburg buildings and the church are cement stucco structures, the strike not only prevents work on the inside plastering and brick, but also the entire outside finish of the buildings. Upward of 50 men are involved.

The principal mason contractors involved are Elmer E. Reed and James Charnley, both of whom have been employing only union help.

— ADVANCE OF 10 PER CENT.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., May 4.—The United States Finishing Co. with branches in this city and Providence and in Sterling and Norwich, Conn., today announced an advance of 10 per cent in wages to all employees earning \$12 per week or less.

The increase will affect about 3000 persons and is in addition to a 5 per cent advance granted in January.

FRENCH MINISTER CALLS FOR LOAN

PARIS, May 4.—Minister of Finance Ribot today issued the expected call to holders of securities of neutral nations to loan them to the government for use in guaranteeing exchange operations. The loans are to be made for the period of one year.

AMERICAN MAIL SEIZED

BERLIN, May 4. (By wireless to Sayville)—The Overseas News agency announces that the Scandinavian-American liner Frederick VIII, New York for Christians, was held up at Kirkwall by a British patrol boat and her first class American mails, consisting of 2000 bags, were taken off.

HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS' DEBATE

LOWELL VS. LEXINGTON

FRIDAY 8 P. M.

High School Hall. Admission 15c

VIGEANT'S MARKET COR. MERRIMACK AND SUFFOLK STS.

Our 'Phones, 4680-4690

SPECIAL SALE FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY FOR THE GREAT ANNEX OF OUR STORE

BUTTER—Finest Creamery, Fresh, Lb. 37c

EGGS—Fresh Seal Carton, Doz. 27c

EGGS—Strictly Fresh, Doz. 22c

Lard, Pure Lard, White, lb. 13c

Leg of Veal, lb. 12c

Fore of Veal, lb. 9c

Leg of Lamb, lb. 20c

Roast Pork, lb. 15c

Fresh Shoulder, lb. 14c

Fresh Pigs' Feet, lb. 5c

Fresh Liver, lb. 5c

Best Rump Steak, lb. 28c

Rump Butt, lb. 14c

Good Old Cabbage, lb. 2c

Sugar, lb. 7c

New Maple Syrup \$1.25

Fried Rice .7c 4 lbs. 25c

Spaghetti .6c

Rhubarb, lb. .4c

Bread .7c

Best Bean Pork .11c

Coon Starch, lb. .5c

Potash .6c

Flour, White Sponge, Ceresola, Gold Medal, Pillsbury's and Vigean's Victory, at the lowest prices.

Good Pork Chops, lb. .16c

All kinds of Cooked Meats and Sausages at the lowest prices.

Hammer Soap .8 bars for 25c

Oysters, qt. .30c

Fresh Mackerel .7c 4 lbs. 25c

10c Can for .7c

10c Can Peas, for .7c

10c Can String Beans, .6c

Snider's Ketchup, bot. .6c

Snider's Tomato Soup .6c

FISH IS CHEAPER

Fresh Short Haddock, lb. .5c

Fresh Salmon, lb. 12½c

Market Cod, lb. 18c

Large Live Lobsters, lb. 22c

Bolled Lobsters, lb. .22c

Fresh Halibut, lb. .22c

Fresh Herring .3 for 10c

Oysters, qt. .30c

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10c Can String Beans, .6c

Snider's Ketchup, bot. .6c

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MEXICAN SITUATION

Continued

made an agreement which would not have been acceptable to his chief.

The agreement provides for the cooperation of American troops and Carranza soldiers in clearing northern Mexico of bandits. Mexican railroads will be utilized for the transportation of supplies for the American troops. While no time limit is set for the withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico that will be done as soon as there are definite indications that American border towns are no longer in danger of raids.

Officials characterized the agreement as "satisfactory" but would not state whether every detail was acceptable.

U. S. TROOPERS CHARGED

WITH KNIVES IN TEETH

FIELD HEADQUARTERS, April 29.

By motor courier to Columbus, N. M., May 3.—There was man-to-man fighting and some of the Americans went into the hills to avoid an attack.

They took their horses twice and it was on the second time home that Reinicker showed fight. While in the alley near his home he struck Patrolman Sullivan and they ran into the house. The officers followed him in and Reinicker gave them battle in the kitchen, refusing to let them club him to subdue him and in the fight ensued.

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Among them were followers of Julio Acosta and Gen. Beltran. They were remnants of all the best known Villa commanders' veterans, and at that time at least, the last known band of Villa's men whose nerve had not been shaken by defeat at Columbus, Guadalajara and Aguascalientes.

Saturday, afternoon at 4:30 Dodd's men, arriving at the southern rim of the hill forming the cup in which the town of Tenochtitlán lies, saw the rear guard of bandits riding out of town. Ahead of them they saw the main body waiting behind rocks to give battle. A machine gun was placed to sweep this ridge while the Americans rode down into the cup. In They dismounted in town, advancing on foot with rifles ready, led by Troop L and accompanied by the two guides.

While still in

TAX RATE MAY JUMP

The Town of Dracut Faces Higher Taxes—Notes of Interest to the Town—Road Work in Prospect

Just because the American Woolen Co., which has a large plant in the Colinsville district of Dracut, and which was formerly a company incorporated under the laws of Connecticut, has been incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. It is believed on good authority that the tax rate for 1916 in the town of Dracut will increase about \$1.50 for the town loses a tax on a sum amounting to about \$43,400.

According to the law all that can be assessed on a company incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts are the real estate property and machinery. Up to this year the American Woolen Co. was incorporated under the laws of Connecticut and its personal property including horses, automobiles, etc., was assessed and this helped to some extent to keep the tax rate down.

One of the assessors in conversation with a Sun reporter yesterday stated that unless the loss through the incorporation of the American Woolen Co. can be made on new real estate, the tax rate will jump about \$1.50, which means that the rate will probably be \$28 per thousand. Several new houses were erected in Colinsville and the Centre village, and accordingly the assessors were hopeful that they could make up the loss by taxing new property, but this now seems impossible on account of the large amount involved.

Another reason for a coming increase is the fact that the town at its last town meeting has raised \$13,000 more than in the previous year. The assessors have started on their annual tour of the town and they hope to conclude within a few weeks. Then they will get busy on the books and it is probable they will announce the new rates by the latter part of July.

Auto Polish

Polish the body, hood and fenders of your auto with

Johnson's Prepared Wax

It preserves the varnish and gives a perfectly hard, dry, glasslike finish that will not gather dust. Mud and oil stains are more easily removed from cars polished with this wax.

TRY IT

HANDY SIZE CAN, 25c

Adams Hardware AND PAINT CO.

Middlesex St. Near the Depot

Zeppelin Lost

L-20 Completely Destroyed and Driven Ashore—Many Missing

LONDON, May 4.—The Zeppelin L-20 has been completely destroyed and driven ashore on the western side of the Firth, Norway, according to advice from Stavanger. Some of the crew were rescued.

The Zeppelin L-20 passed north of Sandness about 10 o'clock in the morning, says a Routh despatch from Stavanger. She was flying low and was damaged. Five or six men were seen to jump from the airship. Boats put out by the commander and one seaman were rescued and taken to a hospital.

The Zeppelin was then driven against a hillside. Its after-bone broke in two and part of it fell. Some of the crew jumped or were hurled out.

The Zeppelin then rode a little and was driven westward, but the bag collapsed in the center and the airship descended rapidly.

A torpedo boat, which had been following along the coast, went to his assistance and rescued three men still in the cabin. A fourth man had jumped out shortly before.

Most of the Crew Missing

Of the rescued men three officers and two non-commissioned officers were brought ashore; the whereabouts of the

Pastor Resigned

Rev. Samuel Dupertuis, who for the past year or so has been pastor of the Hillside church, has resigned and he severed his connections with the church a week ago last Sunday. It was stated yesterday that there are several candidates for the position, but as yet no choice has been made.

Last Sunday Rev. Mr. Kingsley, who is a candidate, occupied the pulpit, and it is not yet known who will preside over next Sunday's services. The choice of a new pastor may be made within a week or two.

The next meeting of the members of

The Grange

place the number at 24,892,000.

The figure was arrived at it was explained, by a progressive system of mathematics which determined that

700 tons means 127,000 cases.

There are 12 bottles to a case, and

drinks to a bottle.

Ice cream: Mrs. W. T. Shepard

Mrs. E. W. Trull, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. French, Mrs. E. F. Staples

Strawberries: Mrs. Nana G. Leathes

Miss Charlotte Wooley, Mrs. F. A. Phillips, Mrs. D. R. Frye, Mrs. F. C. Goodale, Mrs. I. E. Wolton, Mrs. J. F. Donnelly

Flower table: Mrs. Charles E. How

chairman: Mrs. George F. Richardson

Mrs. Marietta Jefferson, Mrs. F. A. Flather, Mrs. F. C. Church, Mrs. F. B. Bailey, Mrs. H. R. Rice, Mrs. J. H. Albin, Mrs. G. L. Richardson, Mrs. C. J. Brown, Mrs. Mary G. Morrison, Mr. Laforest Beals, Mrs. J. Munn Andrew, Mrs. C. A. Richardson, Mrs. C. E. Bartlett, Mrs. L. E. Pullen, Mrs. F. W. Parcham, Mrs. G. M. Harrigan, Mr. Frank Hatchett, Mrs. Helen S. Parent, Mrs. O. B. Ranlett, Mrs. Arthur E. Hatch, Mrs. J. K. Whittier, Mrs. C. Weddige, Mrs. C. O. Wilson, Mr. C. E. Hoxie, Mrs. Frank Smith, Mr. Walter Coburn, Mrs. H. A. Thompson, Mrs. Edwin T. Shaw, Mrs. H. L. Pickering, Mrs. M. P. Mahoney, Mr. C. M. Williams, Mrs. J. A. Faulkne, Mrs. C. H. Clapp, Mrs. Joseph Barber, Mrs. Frank D. Hall, Mrs. Peter J. Conlon, Mrs. W. N. Osgood, Mrs. G. W. Harris, Mrs. J. B. V. Coburn, Mr. G. T. Hicknell, the Misses Gertrude Stiles, Alice Richardson, Julia Stevens, Florence Young, Julia S. Peavey, Frances Webster, Alice Woodward, Helen Osgood and Ruth Bill.

Round table: Mrs. Fred Woodie

chairman: Mrs. W. H. Lathrop, Mr. D. R. Frye, Mrs. L. A. Hartley, Mr. John L. Robertson, Mrs. E. D. Foss

Mr. L. F. Mann, Mrs. James Cameron

Mrs. George L. Cady, Mrs. S. W. Wiggin, Mrs. Weatherbee, the Misses Gertrude Gregg, Thissell, L. Anderson and Mrs. J. Harris

Candy table: The Misses Sarah Hobson, Natalie Conant, Elizabeth Talbot, Leslie Hyatt, Elizabeth Eastman at

Adelaide Walsh

Old ladies' table: Mrs. H. A. Lan

bert, Mrs. A. H. Forrest, Mrs. J. F.

Earl, Miss Helen Lambert

Entertainment: Mrs. W. H. Pepl

chairman: Mrs. Arthur Wright assis

Treasurer, Miss Edith E. Russell

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their soles are made of a composition having rubber as the principal part. They have all the flexibility of rubber with far greater toughness than leather.

The uppers are made of a new process duck, as strong as the fabric in automobile tires, and are far more easy and comfortable than leather uppers can possibly be.

Made also in Youths' and Boys' sizes.

Ask "Central" to give you the

above number when you want drug goods promptly and of right

quality.

Three men all with more than

25 years' experience, to care for

your prescriptions. We will send

for your prescription and return

the medicine without extra charge.

1962

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above number when you want

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the medicine without extra charge.

HOWARD The Druggist

197 Central St.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Another of Our Unapproachable

SHOE SALES
NOW GOING ON

One which presents to you values which have been rarely equalled in this city—prices that offer more money's worth—the present condition of the shoe market considered—than we have ever before been able to place before you.

TWO BANKRUPT STOCKS TOTALING SOME \$11,000 WORTH OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S FOOTWEAR IN EXCELLENT CONDITION AND PROPER STYLES FOR NOW, THE OUTLET SHOE SHOP OF HAVERHILL, THE HOPKINS & LAW SHOE SHOP OF LYNN.

In this large assortment are many advertised shoes which are well known for their worth and style

Men's and Boys' Shoes

MEN'S WALKOVERS, EMERSONS, CRAWFORD & WEBBER BROS., in a variety of leathers and styles. Outlet \$2.85 price \$4.00 and \$4.50. Our price

OUTLET SPECIAL and other well known shoes, including a lot of men's rubber sole low cuts. Outlet prices \$3.50 and \$3.00. Our price

HOPKINS & LAW SPECIALS in a variety of men's high and low cut shoes. Their price \$3. Our price

ABOUT 150 PAIRS of men's heavy work shoes from both stores that sold for \$2.50 and \$3.00. Most of them \$2.25 Goodyear wells. Our price

ONE SPECIAL LOT of men's gun metal button on good wide high toe, all sizes in this lot. Their prices \$3.50 and \$2.49 \$3.00. Goodyear wells. Our price

I LOT OF MEN'S GUN METAL RUBBER SOLE SHOES and low cut, in all sizes, on a drop toe last. Goodyear well. \$1.98 Outlet price \$3.00. Our price

I LOT OF BOYS' SHOES, on good fitting style last, sizes 9 to 13 1/2. Outlet price \$1.25. Our price

I LOT OF BOYS' SHOES with copper toes and heavy soles, sizes 9 to 13 1/2 and 1 to 2. Outlet price \$1.25 Our price

I LOT OF BOYS' SCOUT SHOES, in black or tan, sizes 9 to 13 1/2. Outlet price \$1.25 Our price

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes

WOMEN'S SHOES, in all leathers, both high and low cut, most of them are well known makes. Their prices \$3.50 and \$3.00. Our price

WOMEN'S SHOES in a variety of styles and leathers, both high and low cuts. Their prices \$2.50 and \$2.00. Our price

ODD LOT OF WOMEN'S SHOES, in high and low cuts, their prices \$2.00 and \$1.50. Our price

MISSSES' SHOES, made by Adams Bros., in patent sole and gun metal, every pair a Goodyear welt. Hopkins & Law price \$2.50. Our price

CHILDREN'S SIZES, 8 1/2 to 11. Their price, \$2.00. Our price

Sizes 5 to 8. Their price \$1.75. Our price

ODD LOT OF MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES. Their prices \$2.00 and \$1.75. Our price

ODD LOT OF MISSSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES. Their price \$1.50. Our price

ODD LOT OF WOMEN'S COMFORT SHOES, in both high and low cut. Their prices, \$2.00 and \$1.50. Our price

MEN'S BASEBALL SHOES and SHOE TREES

MEN'S AND BOYS' BASEBALL SHOES, with cleats, \$1.98 made by Rice & Hutchinson. Reg. price \$3. Sale price

MEN'S SHOE TREES—Save your shoes by keeping them in shape. Reg. price \$1.00. Sale price

BASEMENT SHOE DEPARTMENT

NATIONAL FILM CENSORS

House Committee on Education Agrees on Bill Providing Bond for This Purpose

WASHINGTON, May 4.—A bill to create a national board of censors to pass on all foreign and domestic moving picture films shown in this country and to prevent the importation and interstate shipment of immoral pictures was agreed upon yesterday by the house committee on education and will be reported this week. It provides a board of four censors and a large number of deputies to be located in the larger cities of the country.

BANK SECRETARY ARRESTED

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., May 4.—Arthur F. Ramshaw, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Willimantic Company, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Chief E. H. Rich mond on charge of embezzlement of funds of the institution to the amount of \$1500. Ramshaw's home is in Newark, N. J.

100 Bombs Thrown

"About 100 bombs were dropped, scattered over many localities. The exact number is difficult to give, since a great number fell in uninhabited areas and sank into the sea."

In only a single locality did the raiders use any casualties or effect much damage. In this case the bombs amounted to 12 explosive and four incendiary, and 15 houses were damaged.

The casualties totaled six men—one of them a soldier—and two women killed, and 19 men—including three soldiers—and eight women injured, a total of 36.

The remaining 70 odd bombs occasioned only two casualties—one soldier and one child slightly injured.

The damage effected—on a storehouse and a few cottages—was mostly of enough highballs to lubricate that arid section for some days to come.

Statistical sharpshooters were covering the cafe table cloths with figures at a late hour last night, in an effort to determine how many highballs are represented in the 700 tons of Scotch which the "house ship" brought in.

Late returns from the outlying precincts around Forty-second street

place the number at 24,892,000.

The figure was arrived at it was

explained, by a progressive system of

mathematics which determined that

700 tons means 127,000 cases.

There are 12 bottles to a case, and

drinks to a bottle.

Ice cream: Mrs. W. T. Shepard

Mrs. E. W. Trull, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. French, Mrs. E. F. Staples

Strawberries: Mrs. Nana G. Leathes

Miss Charlotte Wooley, Mrs. F. A. Phillips, Mrs. D. R. Frye, Mrs. F. C. Goodale, Mrs. I. E. Wolton, Mrs. J. F. Donnelly

Flower table: Mrs

HELD ANNUAL BANQUET

ARRESTED IN DUBLIN, IRE.

Jas. Sullivan, Former American Minister, Charged With Complicity in Revolt



GEORGE F. MAGUIRE
Chairman Banquet Committee.



JOHN H. BURKE
President

Enjoyable Social Event by the Lowell Grocers' and Butchers' Association at Harrisonia Hotel

In the main dining room of the Harrisonia hotel last evening the Lowell Grocers and Butchers with their ladies enjoyed their annual banquet. The hall was well filled and the party was divided in groups at a number of tables that gave the assembly the appearance of a dining room made up of many small parties. It was an agreeable change from the long tables usually seen at such banquets. The reception committee, Messrs. Edward M. Bowers, Edward Fitzpatrick and Alanson Gray were right on their job and received the guests with all due ceremony. Gray's orchestra discoursed lively music during the evening and availed of the fine opportunity in the waits between courses to display its talents.

After the select menu had been disposed of or about 10 o'clock, Mr. Geo. F. Maguire, chairman of the banquet committee, called to order and introduced President John H. Burke as toastmaster. Mr. Burke in a brief address of welcome expressed his pleasure at seeing so many members of the

association present and especially at the attendance of so many of the ladies.

He wished to open the exercises by asking the audience to join in singing America with orchestral accompaniment.

Mayor O'Donnell

The first speaker introduced was His Honor, Mayor O'Donnell, who was very cordially received.

His Honor spoke in a humorous vein, referring to his physical condition as that of an athlete who has to do considerable running. He had almost despaired of qualifying for the Fat Men's banquet which comes next Monday night. He had appointed his friend Jackson Palmer, Esq., on a waterways committee and Jackson has been running after him ever since.

He was glad to extend to the association the greetings of the city of Lowell, a city enjoying perhaps the greatest degree of prosperity in her history; a prosperity in which all may share. He referred to the mills and factories working with full force,



The Hard-Headed Business Man

Insists on a high degree of "fitness" in his employees.

That means proper co-ordination between brain and body, and for its best realization there must be care in the matter of food.

A well-balanced diet is essential, one easily digestible and rich in nerve-building material. Very often the result of improper food is seen in indigestion, "brain-fag," nervousness and general inefficiency.

Grape-Nuts

a delicious food made of whole wheat and malted barley, is admirably adapted for brain workers; for included in its rich nutriment, are the vital mineral elements—phosphate of potash, etc., grown by Nature in the grains.

These mineral elements are absolutely essential to well-balanced bodies, brains and nerves, but are often lacking in much of the food that goes to make up the usual dietary.

A daily ration of Grape-Nuts along with other food is just the thing to put one in fine fettle.

"There's a Reason" for Grape Nuts

sold by Grocers everywhere.

LONDON, May 4, 3:12 p.m.—James M. Sullivan of New York, formerly American minister to Santo Domingo, has been arrested in Dublin on the charge of complicity in the Irish rebellion.

CONNOLLY IS ALIVE

Dispatch From Dublin Announces But Three Rebel Leaders Shot—McNeill Missing

DUBLIN, May 3 (Delayed)—Justice has been swift in the case of the leaders of the Sinn Fein rebellion. Three of the ringleaders who signed the proclamation of the short-lived Irish republic paid the supreme sacrifice this morning. They were Patrick H. Pearce, the scholarly president of the provisional government; Thomas MacDonagh and Thomas J. Clark. Their death sentences were pronounced by the field general court martial and were duly confirmed by the highest authorities.

Connolly in Prison

Of the other signatories, James Connolly is lying in prison wounded, Sean MacDiarmad, Eamonn Ceannt and Joseph Plunkett are somewhere in Ireland, whether free or captured is not publicly known.

The people busy, contented and happy, getting all the advantages and privileges that can be offered by any city of our size in the country. He paid a high compliment to the Grocers' and Butchers' association as filling an important place in the activities of the community. In conclusion he wished the association and its members continued prosperity, knowing as he did that by their enterprise they fully deserve it.

Edward Fitzpatrick

Past President Edward Fitzpatrick spoke for the association. He stated that the stores conducted by the members of the association are kept up to as high a standard in cleanliness, sanitary conditions and general efficiency as those of any city in the United States. He said the organization had been incorporated 30 years ago and few of the charter members are left, although he could mention one still active in Mr. O. B. Ranlett. The association maintains a legislative agent to oppose laws that would be detrimental to their business and to the public. He felt that these social events do much good in bringing the members into more friendly relations and letting the public know just what the organization represents.

Henry W. Mansfield

Mr. Henry W. Mansfield, secretary of the Massachusetts Provision Dealer's association, was the next speaker. He told what is being done to equalize food standards throughout the United States for the benefit of the public and the convenience of the dealers. He cited the single item of vinegar as an example of the work. At present the standard of vinegar is higher in Massachusetts than is required by the agricultural department of the federal government. A bill is before the legislature to have the standard changed from 4 1/2 to 4 per cent; and he hoped it would become law. Representative Victor Jewel, he said, assisted the association in pushing the measure. At present the dealers have endless trouble in ascertaining the precise standard of the article. With a uniform standard they could purchase anywhere without risk of being held into court for violation of law on a mere technicality. He gave many instances in which the merchant grocers are unjustly compelled to pay for the sealing of weights and measures which is done for the public benefit. He mentioned reductions that had been secured for sealing molasses and oil pumps.

He referred to the enforcement of the closing laws on Sundays, to the opposition to fake advertising and hawkers and peddlers. He advised the dealers to appeal to the state police if the local police under Chief Welch failed to do their duty. He complimented David Gerow and Alanson Gray for their readiness to go out and fight for the interests of the dealers.

Supt. Welch

Supt. Welch, when called upon remarked that he didn't know exactly whether it was his prominence as a police official or his capacity as a speaker that caused him to be invited to such social affairs.

He replied to Mr. Mansfield's institution that it might be necessary to bring in the state police here by alleging that the state police would regard a complaint relative to Lowell as a huge joke. Lowell, he said, is a crimeless city. You hear of no hold-ups, no burglaries, no serious crimes of any kind and it was by running down the crap shooters and other minor offenders that the more serious crimes are prevented. He believed in removing the causes of crime and catching the offenders in the initial acts. He then gave a description of how the third degree work is conducted, but made no reference to finger prints.

Secretary Murphy

Secretary John H. Murphy made a neat and appropriate speech dealing with the origin and aims of the association, its various kinds of usefulness and its importance in the community. As usual of course Mr. Murphy gave Lowell a boost and wound up with this quotation:

"Wherever you find men who have served their country or their kind with sword or pen or hand or heart Lowell has done an honorable part. By the busy mills which hum and sing By the engine's stroke or anvil's ring It is fit in fibre and steel and wood Art is the handmaid of human good."

During the course of the evening there were songs by James Roane, Frank P. McCullough, Patrick Nevin, Jackson Palmer and Commissioner Donnelly, all well known and popular vocalists.

The banquet committee consisted of Messrs. Geo. F. Maguire, chairman, John McCullough, John P. Curley, John J. Sullivan, Henry Dunham, John H. Burke, Edward Fitzpatrick, Alanson Gray and Edward M. Bowers.

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THE SPELLBINDER

The election of Hon. George E. Putnam to succeed John J. Mulaney, as license commissioner, puts an end to a contest that has caused considerable interest since the present administration went into office. At the beginning of the year there was a strong sentiment favoring a French-American citizen for the position, and elective bodies were ever susceptible to strong sentiment, but immediately a number, half a dozen or more, including Mr. Payette, who was chairman of the French-American executive political committee, entered the field. As the weeks went by, the contest waged hot between the several French-American candidates and, although meetings were held for the purpose of effecting a compromise and centering upon one name, to present to the municipal council, as the unanimous choice of the French-American constituency, no agreement could be made and each candidate fought for his own interests, and against those of his compatriots, with the inevitable result that in the end none of them had any strength. Assuming that the municipal council was agreeable to the election of a French-American candidate, its members were in a quandary for they could elect only one, while half a dozen, each with a strong following, continued to importune them, and they could not vote for one without making enemies of the friends of the others. Thus, it would appear they took the easiest way out of the dilemma by selecting another candidate. Mayor O'Donnell and Commissioner Duncan each voted for a French-American candidate out of the two ballots. Many were confident early in the year that Chalmers Mulaney would succeed himself, but within the past few weeks it had been common talk that a new man would be elected, and the witsacres "doped" the right candidate. In the past former Senator Putnam has been frequently mentioned as a possibility for a position on the board, though this will be his first experience as a member.

Since the election there has been a clash made that partisan politics entered into the matter, and that the republican city committee was behind Mr. Putnam's candidacy. But such evidently was not the case, for Commissioner Morse, a staunch republican and former member of the republican city committee, voted steadfastly for Mr. Mulaney, while two democrats, Mayor O'Donnell and Mr. Donnelly, voted for Senator Putnam on the final ballot, so that the division was not along party lines. Commissioner Mulaney was a visitor at city hall yesterday afternoon, a few hours after the vote had been taken.

Water Department Expenses

Commissioner Putnam is doing some close figuring these days to ascertain how he is going to make both ends meet in the water department, under present conditions. The water department uses its own revenues for its support, and at the present time is not self-supporting, a fact for which Commissioner Putnam, however, is in no way responsible. Within the past two years a great amount of money has been borrowed for permanent improvements in this department, as a result of which, its fixed charges have been increased between \$20,000 and \$25,000 per year, by the necessitated annual payments on principal and interest, on the money thus borrowed. The money, to be sure, was borrowed for a good purpose, and the city is the beneficiary in the end, while the last of the big payments will be made in 1920, after which time the department will be much less expensive.

ARTHUR F. RABEUR

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Lowest estimates, given on all kinds of new and repair work. Shop 3 West Fourth St. Have your repairs done at once before the cost of labor and material advances any higher. Phone Res. 5012-N; 1316.



CITY OF LOWELL

Notice to Abutters

Office of Commissioner of Streets and Highways, Lowell, Mass., April 28, 1916.

The City is about to macadamize the following streets: Marlborough street from Westford street to Pine street. Phoenix avenue from Westford street to Pine street. Wamessit street from Central street to Lawrence street. Mansur street from Parkview avenue to Belmont road. Hovey street from Wentworth avenue to Belmont road. Central street from Elm street to Andover street from Clark road to City Line. Rogers street from Ferry street to High street. Pine street from Westford street to Lawrence street. Grinn street from Agawam street to Andrews street. Colonial avenue from Moody street to Riverside street. Riverside street from Colonial avenue to Mammoth road. Sidney street from Moore street southward. Chambers street from Gorham street to Newhall street. Smith street from Branch street to Powell street. Chelmsford street from Plain street to Victoria street. Holyoke avenue from Laurel street northward. Robbins street from Westford street to Pine street.

Daniels street from E. Merrimack street to Andover street. Fay street from Gorham street to Foster street.

The City is to pave the following streets: Dutton street from Broadway to Fletcher street. Thorndike street from Pawtucket canal to Middesex street. Fletcher street from Pawtucket canal to Worthen street. Nichols street from Nichols street to Loring street.

East Merrimack street from High street to Nemish street. Central street from Church street to Charles street.

Westford street from Windsor street to the street. Chestnut street from Thorndike street to Westford street.

In consequence of which it is desirable that all persons who contemplate the digging up of any of the streets mentioned above, for the purposes of making of sewer, gas or water connections or for any other purpose whatsoever do so in accordance with the provisions of the city ordinance, no permit will be given to disturb the surface of said streets for a period of five years after said improvements are completed, except as otherwise provided in the city ordinances.

Respectfully yours,

CHAS. J. MORSE,

Com. Streets and Highways.

LEGAL NOTICES

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law and all other persons interested in the estate of Peter L. Dault, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.

Whereas, Anthony A. Conway, administrator of the estate of said deceased has presented to said Court his petition for license to sell at private sale, or in said petition, or upon such terms as may be adjudged best, the real estate of said deceased, for the purpose of distribution.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the sixteenth day of May, A. D. 1916, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to all persons interested, who can be found within the Commonwealth, fourteen days at least, before the sixteenth day of May, A. D. 1916, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to the said Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the sixteenth day of May, A. D. 1916, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MAY 4 1916

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

NEWS OF THE LEGISLATURE

No Telephone Inquiry Now—The House Votes Down Investigation Plan—Company Attacked

BOSTON, May 4.—The Massachusetts house of representatives yesterday accepted the adverse report of the committee on mercantile affairs on the resolve for a general telephone investigation after long debate. A motion to substitute the resolve for the adverse report was first made by Mr. Mildram of Boston, who also moved for postponement until today. Postponement was refused by a roll-call vote of 61 years to 147 nays, and substitution was refused by a roll-call vote of 66 years to 148 nays. There were five pairs on the latter vote.

Mr. Mildram made a fierce attack on the company and its methods and said rates were cheaper in New York than in Boston. Mr. Frail believed that if the companies were let alone they would give better service than if they were harassed by investigations. Mr. Odlin declared the public service commission "morthound" and not to be trusted to conduct any investigation.

Amend Delinquent Bill

Mr. Cummings of Boston said the company was averse to investigation. He supposed that the measure had no chance and that the matter would be "railroaded through" not to investigation.

Speaker Cox rapped him to order and said that the chair resented, if the house did not, the reflection which he made upon the members.

The house debated at great length the so-called "Delinquent Children's" bill. An amendment of Mr. Fitzgerald of Boston to give the district attorney the power to dispose of such cases was rejected. The house adopted, however, an amendment offered by Mr. Sullivan of Boston to provide that the first commitment of a juvenile "may be for a period of not over three months."

Reports on Committees

These committee reports were received:

Metropolitan affairs—Ought not to pass resolve for investigation relative to construction of bridge from Adams square in Boston to vicinity of Maverick square in East Boston; leave to withdraw, petition for apportionment of cost of maintenance of Wellington bridge; leave to withdraw, petition for Elevated station near Charles and Cambridge streets.

Municipal finance—Bill to authorize Swampscott to borrow \$10,000 for playgrounds.

Roads and bridges—Resolve for investigation by highway and metropolitan park commissions, regarding state highways in Somerville from Broadway park to Cambridge, near Columbus street.

Mercantile affairs—Bill to incorporate Benjamin A. Ham, John E. Gilman, John D. Billings and others as the Grand Army Memorial building association.

Street railways—Bill relative to the repair of streets, highways and bridges by street railway companies.

To Investigate Salaries

In the state senate yesterday a resolve providing for an examination by the governor and council of salaries and other compensation paid by the state and the several counties was passed to be engrossed.

The bill to provide for weekly payment of wages to employees of hotels will be considered tomorrow.

Substitute for an adverse committee report of a bill to prohibit an employer to use as a defense against suits for injuries to employees the assertion that the employee had assumed the risk of the injury voluntarily, contractually, or otherwise, failed by a rising vote, 8 to 13.

Consideration of the adverse report on the state health department's milk bill was postponed until today.

The bill to authorize the licensing by cities and towns of motor vehicles carrying passengers for hire, with an amendment striking out the referendum clause and providing for its taking effect July 1, next, was passed to be engrossed and sent to the House under suspension of the rules.

The bill to authorize street railway companies to operate street lines was ordered to a third reading.

Be Careful in Using Soap on Your Hair

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain unsulphured coconut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It is very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces.

You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy, and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

Established March 1, 1877
PETER DAVEY
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TAKEN OFF U.S. SHIP WM. LORIMER ACQUITTED

BELIEF EXPRESSED THAT ENGLAND WILL RELEASE MEN AND DISAVOW ACT

LONDON, May 4.—The belief is expressed in neutral diplomatic circles that the British foreign office not only will order the release of the Austrians seized on board the American steamer China while on her way from Shanghai to San Francisco on Feb. 19 last, but also will disavow the action of the captain of the auxiliary cruiser Laurentic in making the seizure.

Although the latest American note refuses to discuss the actual movements of the seized passengers, their plottings, it is known, have attracted the attention of the British authorities, has been added to the fact that those arrested, although en route to Manila, could not have reached that port on board the China but would have been compelled to trans-ship at Nagasaki, where they would have been within the jurisdiction of Japan, England's ally; and that, therefore, the seizure not only was unjustifiable but unnecessary.

The United States government takes the attitude that the seizure was an exact parallel to the case of the Trent, taken a strictly non-partisan attitude.

AGAINST "WOMAN'S PARTY"

NEW YORK, May 4.—The opposition of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, leader of the National American Woman Suffrage association, to the formation of a "woman's party" was announced today in a statement issued at the headquarters of the association.

"The minute we make suffrage a party issue," said Dr. Shaw, "we lose our friends in the party that is to be disciplined and we cannot afford to do that. It takes a two-thirds majority in congress to pass any federal amendment and no party has controlled that much power since 1862.

Consequently it is up to us to maintain a strictly non-partisan attitude."

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

A meeting of woolen weavers will be held tonight in Cotton Spinners' hall, 22 Middle street, for the purpose of forming an organization. Addresses on the labor movement will be made by several prominent local men.

Trades & Labor Council

The Trades & Labor council will hold an important session tonight at 32 Middle street. Reports of several committees will be read and acted upon and preliminary plans will be made for Labor day. President Frank A. Warnock will preside.

Hold Up Hospital Bill

A "difference" of opinion between the physicians of the state department of health and the county authorities from various sections resulted yesterday in postponement of action by the committee on counties regarding the bill for county tuberculosis hospitals in places of less than 50,000 inhabitants.

The disagreement among members came over the matter of apportionment, some favoring that there be two hospital beds for every three deaths from tuberculosis and others that the number of beds be based on the number of inhabitants.

JUNE EATON KEYES SUED

Husband Seeks Divorce—Alleges She Deserted Him in 1913 Before Mother of His Son Was Born

BOSTON, May 4.—Divorce proceedings against June L. Keyes, daughter of Mrs. Jennie Eaton Alinsworth, have been brought by her husband, Ralph P. Keyes of Somerville.

During the trial of Mrs. Keyes' mother, now Mrs. Alinsworth, for the alleged murder of Admiral Eaton, the daughter, June, was greatly in evidence and was "featured" as the "heart interest" element in the trial. Her own marital affairs were mixed up generally with the proceedings against Admiral Eaton's widow. Keyes alleges that his wife deserted him in 1913 before her mother's trial for alleged murder of Admiral Eaton.

Doyle's Orch., Asso. hall, Fri. night.

CENTRALVILLE M. E. CHURCH

A large and appreciative audience was entertained by the Fellowship Ministers of the Centralville M. E. church in the church vestry last night. Edwin Kilpatrick was the interlocutor and the end men were Albert E. Thurston, Carl Lunan, Rothwell Smith and Stanley Worth. The musical director and accompanist of the evening was George Faulkner.

The soloists of the evening were Joseph Garmon, Frank Callahan, Harold Cheney, S. Severson, Arthur Hiser, Harry Boyd and Andrew F. Swapp. A character song, entitled "Old Black Joe," given by Charles Garmon was one of the real hits of the evening and the Centralville quartet numbers were also cleverly presented. Reginald Nichols entertained in readings. Joseph Garmon had general charge of the evening and his assistant was Arthur Hiser.

GAVE DELIGHTFUL RECITAL

The pupils of Julius Woessner, violinist, gave a delightful recital in Kitson hall last night. They were assisted by Miss Mary E. Reilly, accompanist, and Walter E. O'Neill, pianist.

One of the features of the program was a solo by John Svoboda and Mr. Woessner, violin, and Mr. O'Neill, piano, and there were also solo, duet and quartet selections. Mrs. Robertson's group of songs was especially pleasing, as were Mr. O'Neill's selections.

The pupils of Mr. Woessner who took part were Daniel Embors, Carl Brown, Arthur Conway, Leon Mahoney, Margaret Goggin, Edith Bernstein, Florence Nelson, John Svoboda, Paul Lynch and Joseph Miller.

McWilliams & Warner, Asso. Friday.

THE PINDLER HEARING

The police court hearing in the Pindler case has been scheduled for Wednesday, May 10, at 3 p. m., and Mayor O'Donnell has been notified to appear to show cause why his action in abolishing the position of messenger at the police station should stand, the mayor having abolished it on the ground that it was unnecessary and a useless source of expense to the city. After the abolition of the office by the mayor, Mr. Pindler petitioned for a hearing before His Honor and the hearing was granted.

In his finding on the hearing the mayor reaffirmed his judgment of Jan. 21, when he abolished the office of police messenger on the ground that it was unnecessary and a useless source of expense, and recourse to the police court was then in order.

CRUISER TENNESSEE ARRIVES

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., May 4.—The cruiser Tennessee, with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and party aboard, arrived in Hampton Roads to

BLAMES THE DENTISTS

RESPONSIBLE FOR SHORT LIVES, DECLares DR. HARTZELL AT CONVENTION IN BOSTON

BOSTON, May 4.—"Dentistry as a profession is shortening human life today," said Dr. Thomas B. Hartzell of Minneapolis to an astonished gathering of nearly thousand dentists at the Copley Plaza last night. "This may not be palpable, but it is nevertheless true," he continued.

The dentists of this country must realize that they have in their power to prevent not less than 15 per cent of bedridden cases that enter the hospitals. Many diseases—and many of them are fatal—are caused by abscesses of the teeth."

Gerus in Root Canals

Explaining his charges against the profession, Dr. Hartzell declared that in filling root canals where the tooth has had an abscess on some other infection, it is often true that the germs are forced ahead of the filling into the root. These germs, he added, find their way into the blood and cause disease.

He then gave a list of diseases caused by dental abscesses and showed actual photographs to prove his contentions. This list includes St. Vitus disease, rheumatism, heart disease, kidney trouble, ulcers, wry neck, high blood pressure and fallen arches.

"Thousands of investigations have been conducted and are showing that dentists have got to realize their responsibility and recognize the danger of abscesses," said the speaker. His address was one of several papers that were read to dentists who had come from all parts of Massachusetts to attend the 52d annual convention of their dental society.

New Officers Chosen

The convention will continue through tomorrow night. Clinics will be established at the Forsyth Dental Infirmary tomorrow morning for the purpose of revealing new discoveries in dental surgery. At the opening session held at the Forsyth Infirmary yesterday morning details of the conspiracy to the dental authorities, and have been granted immunity in return for their willingness to appear as government witnesses.

President, Dr. Harold C. Cleveland, Springfield; first vice president, Dr. Frank T. Taylor, Boston; second vice president, Dr. Geo. C. Alsworth, Boston; secretary, Dr. John A. Forbush; treasurer, Dr. Alfred S. Tauscher, agent of the Krups in the United States, and husband of Mine. Gadski, the opera singer; Alfred S. Fritzen and Constantine Covani.

Von Igel and Capt. Tauscher are the only ones under arrest. They will be rearraigned probably tomorrow.

Named as co-conspirators for the first time, but not indicted, are Horst von der Goltz, former major in the army of Villa and a confessed spy; Carl Tuchender, alias Tucker, and Frederick J. Achim Busse. These three disclosed details of the conspiracy to the federal authorities, and have been granted immunity in return for their willingness to appear as government witnesses.

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As a result, the indictments state, the arrival of the party in Buffalo, von der Goltz attempted to obtain additional funds from John T. Ryan, an attorney, alleged to have been the agent of von Igel.

Ryan was suspicious and would not assist von der Goltz until he could produce proper credentials, it is asserted.

Von der Goltz notified von Igel of the situation, the government charges, and in getting in touch with Devoy, through whom, it is alleged, he communicated with Ryan.

As a result, the indictments state, Devoy sent the following telegram to Ryan at his office in Buffalo, on Sept. 16, 1914:

"Party who called in all right, give you address. Do all you can for him. Identify him at telegraph office. I will be responsible. Imperfect introduction due to my brother's death and hurry."

Ryan, on the receipt of the telegram, the indictment states, gave von der Goltz \$400. This money was used by the agents of Capt. von Papen to invade Canadian territory, the government charges, for the purpose of carrying out a military enterprise.

The government alleges its case is strengthened by the fact that all the indicted men are on the rolls of the German imperial army.

DEVOY IN WELLAND PLOT

Editor of Gaelic-American Mentioned in Indictments of Von Papen and Von Igel

the expedition, and that Fritzen and Covani were to have been the perpetrators, with the assistance of five other men, "German subjects," engaged by von der Goltz in Baltimore, in August, 1914.

The leaders, the "indictments" state, furnished the others with automatic revolvers, ammunition, bombs, dynamite and other explosives.

The accusation is repeated that Capt. Tauscher purchased from the local office of the du Pont Powder company 300 pounds of "sixty percent" dynamite to have been used in the work of destruction, and that the explosive was obtained by von der Goltz on Tauscher's written order.

Fritzen, Covani and the others left his city for Buffalo on Sept. 14, 1914, it is charged, to carry out the enterprise. A payment of \$200 to von der Goltz by Capt. von Papen on Sept. 1, 1914, it is charged, furnished the money for the trip.

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WHAT NERVOUS PEOPLE NEED

WONDERFULLY SPEEDY, NEW FOUND RELIEF FOR TIRED, WORN OUT, SHATTERED, UNSTRUNG NERVOUS SYSTEMS

It is simply marvelous, the speedy relief that a single Margo Tablet will give any man or woman, who is upset, unstrung or dulled, tired and fatigued. Every tablet seems to go straight to the nerve cells, over-calling in just a few moments, fatigue, despondency, "jumps," "fidgets," nervous indigestion and all those other symptoms of rundown nerve force that are so surely the forerunners of nervous prostration and general nerve breakdown.

Margo vitalizes your tired, over-worked nerves into nerves with powers of tremendous endurance and reserve energy and does it without a single dangerous drug. Margo is the combination of six of the most powerful nerve stimulants known to chemistry and effectively a month's systematic use should completely transform the worst nervous wreck into a strong, healthy, vigorous man or woman.

Margo really does "more good in the average case" because it is not only a nerve tonic, because it puts new snap and "giver" and courage to your entire body.

Margo must accomplish these things or its cost is nothing. Lowell Pharmacy and other leading druggists in Lowell sell it with the absolute guarantee, positive, that it is safe for any

Fair tonight; Friday fair and warmer; west to southwest winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY MAY 4 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

GERARD EXPECTS TO GET GERMAN REPLY TODAY

Pres. Wilson Will Recall Ambassador at Once if Answer is Not Satisfactory

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Not the slightest doubt is expressed in government circles that, if the reply of Germany to the president's ultimatum is not satisfactory, he will order the immediate return of Ambassador Gerard and the severance of relations between the United States and the German empire.

It is the further official belief that the president will not delay a minute in resorting to the only alternative in the circumstances.

GERARD EXPECTS REPLY TODAY

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Secretary Lansing announced today that a despatch from Ambassador Gerard, dated yesterday, said the ambassador expected to receive today the German reply to the American note demanding immediate abandonment of present practices of submarine warfare.

Secretary Lansing said he was without information of the conference Ambassador Gerard had with Emperor William at grand headquarters.

The despatch, Secretary Lansing said, was very brief and contained no indication of the tenor of the German reply. News

despatches from Berlin have indicated that the German government hoped it would be received favorably.

Chairman Stone of the senate foreign relations committee called on Secretary Lansing and briefly discussed the German and Mexican situations.

"Judging from the newspapers, the gravity of the situation with Germany is very much less than it was," said Senator Stone. "It also appears that they have reached some agreement on the border."

PROTEST AGAINST WAR

Thousands of Messages Pour Into Washington Protesting Against Break With Germany

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Printed form letters protesting against any step which may lead to war with Germany began pouring in by the thousands to the telegraph companies last week.

Even the names of the congressmen were printed on the envelopes, and everything gave evidence that the letters had been prepared by thousands and required only written signatures.

M.E. CHURCH CONFERENCE

Income for Missionary Work Would be \$10,000,000 if Each Member Contributed Five Cents

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May 4.—Speakers for one faction claimed many of the questions to come before the committee were of so delicate a nature that secrecy was imperative; others argued that all important business ought to be considered in the open. The motion was then amended so as to provide that, although the committee sessions should be executive, committee members might confer with other members of their respective delegations concerning matters under consideration.

NO SIGN OF PEACE

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Thomas Nelson Page, American ambassador to Italy, who saw President Wilson to-day, said he saw no immediate prospect for peace in Europe but believed that when peace came it would be suddenly. Just as the war was begun, he thought peace would follow a great victory. He did not think that efforts to mediate would be welcomed at this time.

ICE LEFT MOOSEHEAD LAKE

BANGOR, Me., May 4.—The ice left Moosehead lake, Wednesday and that inland body of water is now open to fishing. A large number of fishermen were on hand to commence the sport at the earliest possible moment, sporting camp proprietors reporting unusual interest in the fly and rod.

McWilliams & Warner, Princeton, Fr.

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Before wiring come figures and facts.

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INTEREST BEGINS
SATURDAY
May 6th
AT

The Central Savings Bank
65 CENTRAL STREET

HALFOUX'S
ON THE SQUARE

Our buying organization consists of a group of men and women experts whose whole heart and soul is in their work. Keen, alert, possessed of innate good taste broadened and refined by years of experience they have gathered for YOU the finest assemblage of merchandise to fill your summer needs that this store has ever held.

Prices, as always, will be the kind that have won for us the distinction of being the real economy centre of this city.

U. S. GOVERNMENT TO ACCEPT AGREEMENT

Pres. Wilson and Sec. Baker Ready to Accept Agreement Drawn Up By Gen. Obregon and Gen. Scott For Future Pursuit of Villa

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The American government is ready to accept in its main points the agreement for the future pursuit of Villa and his bandits drawn up by Gen. Obregon, the Carranza minister of war, and Gen. Scott, representing the United States. This has had opportunity to pass on the

report submitted to him by Gen. Obregon. While no official information has been received from Carranza, officials here take it for granted that Gen. Obregon would not have

Continued to page seven

FRENCH ADVANCING IN VERDUN REGION

Berlin Admits French Have Obtained Foothold in One of the German Advance Posts—More Russian Troops Land in France—British Active

In today's official statement from Berlin admission is made that the French have obtained a foothold in one of the German advanced positions in the Dead Man hill region. A French attempt on the German lines west of the hill was repulsed.

Activity by the British on the northern end of the Franco-Belgian line also is reported in the German headquarters statement, the principal engagement having been during a futile British attempt to advance northwest of Lens, after miles had been exploded.

French Advance

The French are continuing their counter offensive movement near Dead Man hill, in the Verdun region. Following their capture of German positions northwest of the height, announced yesterday, they continued their advance during the night, besides consolidating the positions already taken, according to this afternoon's official bulletin.

No other notable infantry engagements are reported from the western front, but there has been grenade fighting in the Avocourt wood, southwest of Dead Man hill and heavy artillery bombardments elsewhere in the district west of the Meuse and in the Vaux region, northeast of the fortresses.

Additional Russian troops have been landed in France for service on the western front. The fifth contingent to arrive at Marseilles reached that port today.

FRANCE CONTINUE TO ADVANCE IN DISTRICT OF DEAD MAN HILL

PARIS, May 4. 12:15 p. m.—The advance of the French in the district of Dead Man hill on the Verdun front was continued during the night, the war office announced this afternoon. The gains made yesterday were increased and consolidated.

As a consequence of the French artillery preparations at Dead Man hill yesterday, the statement says, two Germans surrendered, stating they were the sole survivors of the men in their trench.

Elsewhere west of the Meuse there was active fighting artillery. An engagement with grenades occurred in Avocourt wood. In the region of Vaux, east of the Meuse there was an artillery encounter.

French artillery destroyed a munitions depot at Grands Dunes, Belgium.

CONSCRIPTION ACT HAS PASSED FIRST READING—LOUDLY CHEERED

LONDON, May 4.—The government's military bill for immediate general compulsion passed its first read-

ing. The bill, introduced by Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, the secretary for war, warmly eulogized Gen. Townshend and the defenders of Kut-el-Amara and read Gen. Townshend's last despatch which follows:

"We are pleased to know that we have done our duty and recognized that our situation is one of the fortunes of war. We thank you, General Gorringe (commander of the British relief army) and all ranks of the British force, for the great efforts you have made to save us."

DO NOT FORGET TO SEE McWilliams and Warner AT THE Princeton Club Dance TOMORROW NIGHT Doyle's Orchestra

NEWS FROM CITY HALL AND THE DEPARTMENTS

Mayor Will Ask B. & M. to Hurry Work on Chelmsford St. Bridge—More Traffic Officers Needed

The very slow progress being made by the Boston & Maine in the construction of a new bridge over the railroad tracks in Chelmsford street is the subject of wide complaint at the present time and persons, many of whom use the Chelmsford and Westford street cars, have appealed to

Mayor O'Donnell, asking him to use his influence to push the work along. The mayor stated today that he would take the matter up with the Boston & Maine authorities.

The Boston & Maine is working only

Continued to page 10

STRIKE CLOSES PLANT

SHIPS NEEDED

TROOPS ON DUTY IN PENNSYLVANIA—GIRL DUCKED IN HORSE TROUGH BY STRIKERS

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 4.—E. M. Herr, president of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co., whose plants are closed because of a strike of 15,000 workers, who demanded an eight hour day, told a committee of strikers today that he would be unable to discuss a settlement with them until tomorrow. Federal and state officials are endeavoring to bring the company and the men together.

While almost a thousand state

troops were on duty in the Turtle Creek valley and conditions about the closed plants were quiet, unrest was manifested in other parts of Allegheny county. Seven hundred employees of the Pressed Steel Car company joined the 2000 already out, and the police were guarding the factory of the McKinley Manufacturing company, on the north side, where girl strikers attacked those who refused to join their strike and ducked one of them in a horse trough.

The plant of the Aluminum Co. of America, at New Kensington was shut down today by a strike of about 1200 workers.

At McKees Rocks about 200 workers returned to their places in the Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad shops.

"Our ships are carrying supplies of coal, grain, food, timber, munitions and the raw material of munitions to all our allies on an unprecedented scale," continued Earl Curzon.

"But for these supplies to France, Russia and Italy, they would be dependent upon their own totally inadequate resources. In several instances the shortage of tonnage has been balanced by new ships. It is surprising that we stood the strain so well. Five hundred merchant vessels of all sorts are being built and the number of small craft added to the mercantile marine has been more than 2500."

Personally, Earl Curzon said, he would like to see a much greater restriction of imports, but the greatest difficulty was how to satisfy the conflicting interests of the allies and the dominions. The government had engaged a considerable number of Canadian lumber men to cut timber in this country and 1500 of them were now on their way to England. By using British supplies of timber for sleepers, pit-props and other purposes, he believed England would be less dependent upon foreign supplies.

LICENSE BOARD ACTIVITY

The office of the license commission in the Market building was the scene of great activity today and from the time the office opened this morning until it closed this afternoon, Clerk Flaherty and his assistant, Mr. O'Brien, were kept on the jump. The occasion was the issuing of the first batch of the several hundred minor licenses which are granted each year by the commissioners.

Several special sessions as well as one regular session of the commission was held during the past week at which licenses were passed upon and this morning the first of them were issued. Among the licenses granted were to common victuallers, stores, junk dealers and collectors, hawkers and peddlers, etc.

Those who were unable to secure their licenses today will be able to receive them either tomorrow or Saturday morning.

DURING DUBLIN REVOLT

INFORMAL CONFERENCE

CITY COUNCIL AND CITY ENGINEER GO OVER BRIDGE PLANS WITH MR. WORCESTER

An informal conference having to do with plans for the Pawtucket bridge was held in the mayor's reception room at city hall this afternoon. Parties to the conference included the mayor and other members of the municipal council, the city engineer, city clerk and J. R. Worcester of the J. R. Worcester company. The J. R. Worcester company has been selected by the municipal council to supervise the construction of the bridge and after the informal conference at city hall, Mr. Worcester and City Engineer Stephen Kearney had a conference with Hiram Mills, chief engineer for the Locks & Canals. The mayor announced, after the conference, that he would call a special meeting of the council Saturday morning at 10 o'clock for the purpose of hastening the Pawtucket bridge matter.

MONEY

Plenty This Month

EASY TO BORROW

On Good Security

EASY TO PAY

In monthly installments covering principal and interest, about the same as rent, on the plan of the

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FARRELL & CONON PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS, AND WATER FITTERS

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THE LOWELL INSTITUTION FOR SAVINGS

1829-1916 INTEREST BEGINS MAY 6

THIS IS QUARTER WEEK AT THE MERRIMACK RIVER SAVINGS BANK

Interest Begins Saturday, May 6th

Make Your Deposit Now.



NEW SUITS At Special Prices

A fortunate purchase in New York last week allows us to give you these wonderful values on

One Hundred and Fifty
New Suits

And many of our regular suits marked at special prices for this sale.

SUITS at \$14.95 **SUITS at \$17.50**

Suits worth up to \$18.50, in all shades.

SUITS at \$19.95 **SUITS at \$25.00**

A fine lot of dressy suits, worth \$25.00 to \$29.50.

Silk Suits
\$29.50

A beautiful lot of chiffon taffeta and silk faille, also gros de londres; suits worth \$32.50, \$35, \$39.50, and \$45.00.

ON SALE TODAY

COULD TAKE WEST COAST

MAYER SAYS JAPAN COULD CAPTURE IT IN FEW DAYS—CALLS NAVY INEFFICIENT

BOSTON, May 4.—The Pacific ocean could be captured by Japan in a few days and the commerce of the United States locked up like the commerce of Germany is today because of this country's unpreparedness, according to George von L. Meyer, former secretary of the navy, who spoke last night at a meeting of the American legion in Fitch hall.

With other speakers, including representatives of the state and city, Howard Elliott, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad; Roy D. Jones, vice-president, and Dr. J. E. Hausman, secretary of the American legion, Mr. Meyer made an urgent plea for the United States to better itself and awaken a latent patriotism to deeds rather than words.

The meeting unanimously placed its self on record as believing that the question of national defense is the most vital issue now before the people of this country, and enthusiastically resolved:

"That we, the members of the American legion, at our quarterly meeting assembled, urge upon our public officials and representatives in Congress, the necessity of a thorough and expeditious examination into the present condition of the armed forces of this country, and enthusiastically resolved:

"That we further urge upon such officials and representatives in Congress a speedy enactment of such legislation as may be necessary to enable the United States to successfully resist an armed invasion."

Mention of the name of Theodore Roosevelt—it was mentioned twice—aroused the meeting in loud applause.

Mr. Meyer, who was the last speaker, bitterly arraigned the condition of the country's navy, declaring that the actions and "ditherings" of Congress made it "inefficient, unmanly and unbalanced."

"We have 23 battleships today," said Mr. Meyer. "Of these 12 are useless. That leaves 11. Of that number 11 are in the hospital. That leaves

10. Of that number two have got to have their engines done over. That leaves eight. In reality we have only eight first class battleships. And what do we mean by first class? They have a speed of only 22 knots, and their guns may be elevated only 15 degrees."

"More than half of our fleet of destroyers are out of commission."

"We have a submarine fleet, but the less said about it the better."

Mr. Meyer spoke of the coast defenses, asserting that the guns were inadequate for protection in event of invasion. He scolded the government for lack of armored trains and failure to instruct the railroads what to do in case of war, what are strategic points, etc. He deplored the lack of aeroplanes.

Mr. Elliott dwelt upon the need for awakening the latent patriotism of the country, and referred to the necessity of transportation in time of war.

"The government should have some shape of policy so that railroads could have a 20 per cent. reserve in cars, engines and men and be able to increase trains in war time," he said.

Princeton club, Arso. hall, Fri. night.

AVOID SPRING ILLS

Purify and Build Up the Blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

In the spring your blood needs cleansing and enriching. You feel poorly, and there is more or less eruption on your face and body. Your appetite is not good, your sleep is broken, and you are tired all the time.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the one safe and effective tonic that has stood the test of forty years. It makes the poor red blood that will make you feel better, look better, eat and sleep better.

Ask any druggist for Hood's Sarsaparilla, and insist on having it. Nothing else acts like it, for nothing else has the same formula or ingredients, and so there is no real substitute. Get it today.

Tools for Garden and Lawn

HOES, RAKES, SPADES,
SHOVELS, WATER POTS,
WHEELBARROWS

SPECIAL HITZUM LAWN SEED, Lb. 35¢
Our Seed is Tested

GET OUR CATALOGUE

Ervin E. Smith Co.

43-49 MARKET STREET

The Bon Marché

PRICES REDUCED 10%

ASK US ABOUT OUR
Sewing Machine Club
Standard Machines for 5c Down
Don't Delay Too Long
DO IT NOW

Silk Dresses

Styles that are a little different.
Made by Style Creators.

A Big Assortment to Select
from and at Modest Prices.

**\$10.95, \$12.95,
\$14.95, \$16.95,
\$17.95, \$19.95,
\$22.50, \$25.00,
\$27.50, \$32.50**

LATEST STYLES IN COATS

All New, Just in From New York This Week
Checks, Plaids, Velour, Poplins,
Gabardines, in all Shades. **\$12.95**
Worth \$14.95 to \$16.95. Sale Price

OTHER COATS AT
**\$7.95, \$9.95, \$14.95, \$16.95,
\$17.95, \$19.95, \$25.00,
\$29.50, \$32.50**

The Best Coat Values in Lowell



Beautiful Waists Arriving Daily WONDERFUL VALUES

Our tremendous early purchases of Silk allows us to give you values you cannot get elsewhere

The Largest Stock of Waists in Lowell

A \$12,000 Waist Stock is Here for Your Choice

Special Value in Silks, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$4.98

Other Beautiful Styles at 98c, \$3.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$9.98, \$10.95, \$12.98 up to \$25. Lingerie, Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Radium Silk, Jap Silk, Organdie

COME TO LOWELL'S LEADING WAIST STORE



REV. A. R. HUSSEY

New Pastor to be Installed at the First Unitarian Church

The installation of Rev. Alfred Rodman Hussey, late of Baltimore, as pastor of the First Unitarian church in this city, will take place at 7:30 o'clock this evening. Those who will participate in the ceremony include many clergymen of prominence in this and other cities.

Rev. Augustus M. Lord, D.D., of Providence, R. I. will preach the in-

iti 1898. From 1898 to 1902 he was pastor of a church at Taunton and went from there to Baltimore.

He was president of the Channing House association, social settlement, chairman of the Maryland child labor committee, member of the executive committee of the Maryland Association for Prevention of Tuberculosis, vice-president of the Harvard club of Maryland from 1908 to 1912, a director of the Unitarian conference of the middle states and Canada, member of the council of Joseph Priestley conference, member of the advisory board of Women's Civic league and a member of the City club of Baltimore and the Maryland Country club.

Rev. Hussey married, in 1892, Miss Mary L. Warren, daughter of the late Winslow Warren, a former prominent Boston lawyer, who resided at Dedham. Her brother is Charles D. Warren, United States assistant district attorney general at Washington. Dr. and Mrs. Hussey have four children, a son and three daughters.

McWilliams & Warner, Doyle's, Fr.

REVOLT IN GERMANY

OUTBREAK THREATENED UNLESS DR. LIEBKNECHT, SOCIALIST, IS RELEASED

BERLIN, May 3, via London, May 4.—A Berlin socialist introduced a resolution in the reichstag today requesting Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg to release Dr. Karl Liebknecht from arrest and to suspend proceedings against him until after the adjournment of the reichstag.

DEMONSTRATIONS SUPPRESSED

LONDON, May 4.—The arrest of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the socialist leader, in connection with a May day demonstration in Berlin May 1, caused great excitement among the workers there and led to fresh demonstration which was suppressed by a large body of police, according to reports from Berlin forwarded from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph Co. The despatch adds that it is believed the German government will be compelled to release Dr. Liebknecht in order to prevent a revolution. It is stated that he was arrested while addressing a peace demonstration and that it was a violation of the military regulation for him to wear the civilian clothes in which he was arrested as he is a soldier.

BAKERS HELD BANQUET

GATHERING HELD FORTH AT RICHARDSON HOTEL LAST EVENING

The Master Bakers association of Lowell held an enjoyable banquet and entertainment last night at the Richardson hotel and guests to the number of 75 sat down to a fine menu. During the dinner the Honey Boys trio entertained with popular songs and stories and they proved very popular.

At the close of the banquet, Pres. Matthew Johnston called on his honor, the master, James F. O'Donnell, who congratulated the bakers on their organization of an association and wished them success.

After a few remarks by the pres-

The Bon Marché

PRICES REDUCED 10%

Ask any man or woman who heard Marie Kaiser sing in comparison with Edison's Re-Creation of her voice

OVER 600 Lowell music lovers witnessed this remarkable tone test Tuesday night, April 25th. Not one could distinguish the living and breathing Marie Kaiser's voice from Edison's laboratory Re-Creation of that self same voice.

The EDISON

Diamond Disc

This new Edison invention accomplishes the Re-Creation (not reproduction) of all forms of music. May we prove it to you?

Ask for anything. Ask for the most difficult. Ask for violin and piano Re-Creations. Let us show you on the Diamond Disc the difference between a Stradivarius and a Guarnerius. Nearly a thousand wonderful examples of this new art now. New selections on sale weekly.

We are the headquarters in Lowell for EDISON DIAMOND DISC PHONOGRAHES

GRAND PAGEANT SCENES

American History Beautifully Portrayed at Hathaway's Theatre by School Children

American history was portrayed in gorgeous pageant scenes at Hathaway's theatre in Shattuck street last night, hundreds of school children in costume presenting events from Columbus to colonial days. The entertainment was held under the auspices of the Spanish War Veterans of this city and Miss Idia Wood of Memphis, Tenn., proved to be an able director.

There were several hundred grammar school children in the presentation of the various scenes. They were costumed in an appropriate manner, and all the participants showed that they had undergone careful training for their parts. Especially good were the younger children.

One of the features was the court of Spain, a scene in which Columbus and Queen Isabella are depicted. In this scene Columbus is seen pleading with Queen Isabella for her sanction to cross the seas in the hope of discovering new land.

The Vision of Columbus is a sequel. Here it is presented a dream of things soon to come true, yet so vague, so indefinite, seemingly so impossible, that Columbus awakes with a start, and is unable to collect himself for a time. It is a dream only. Its effect is seen, however. Columbus believes in dreams, unlike some people, and his dream comes true.

The next number on the program is a scene from Indian life and the Indians are portrayed by girls and boys appropriately costumed. The Puritans bidding farewell to home is another good one. This is an exciting scene.

The long and sad journey across the water intervenes, after which is the memorable landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth, followed by the festive gathering of colonial children. This concludes the historical pageantry.

Then comes "The Realm of Columbia and Uncle Sam." Boys and girls represent the leading countries of the world, each being costumed in an appropriate manner. This is a very patriotic feature, in which America is described as the only great country of the world beloved by all nations.

In the various numbers appear pupils of all the grammar schools, and they will continue to participate the rest of the week, with occasional changes to give the widest opportunity to the schools to introduce their favorites.

The features will not be entirely the same as upon the opening night. On the contrary, they will be largely new, for certain sets of pupils have been trained for certain work that will have its exemplification tonight, Friday and Saturday nights, with Saturday matinees.

The enterprise is one of the most elaborate ever conceived and carried out in Lowell, as may be judged from the fact that it introduces between 500 and 600 pupils. The proceeds are to be applied to the restoration of property destroyed in the Memorial hall fire. Among the participants and the features last night and to be presented are:

Meagher, Company—Esther McLaughlin, Aldine Hubbard, Mary Dzik, Belle Hill, Helen Bentz, Nora Murphy, Anna Riley, Anna Carney, Victoria Tolosa, Sophia Hayden, Sadie Pritchett, Helen Pickles, Pauline Bisconette, Mildred Bisconette, Mary McCane, Dorothy Nolan, Annabel Maughan, Agnes Lyons, Ruth O'Grady, Helen Clark, Mary Buckley, Blanche Scott, Mary Quinn, Ethel Ready, Helen Wozniack, Helen Farrell, Louise Ferren, Marie Sokolow, Ruth Hughes, Madeline O'Brien.

Episode from King George III. to be Presented Friday and Saturday.

King George III.—Raymond Parent, Queen—Anna Nevins.

General Gage—Henry Hope.

Archbishop—Frederick Leary.

Benjamin Franklin—Arthur Faubert.

William Pitt—Romeo Barbera.

Captain—John Cogger.

Washington—Ernest Lorain.

Soldiers—Ernest Lorain, Fred Counter, Ralph Esterbrook, Carl Dodge, Edward Dockett, Robert Willett, Howard Hopkins, Paul Judge, Paul Ineson, Frank Sexton, George Washington, David Quill.

A Colonial Garden Party

Davis Peabody, Muriel Rodger, Walter Hayes, Harold Lindley, Gladys Fox, Ernest Lorain, Edward Dockett, Karl Dodge, Asst. Stickney, Paul Bonnelli, Phoebe Marchand, Helen Mahoney, Elizabeth Green, Evelyn Cluff, John Cogger, Wilfred Lorain, Thomas Corcoran, George Caffey, Walter Sargent, Solon Leary, Uppry Peabody, Gladys Proctor, Gertrude Donahue, Doris Fisher, Ruby Cochrane, Lillian Blasington, Paul Baumster.

Pages—Muriel Rodger, Geraldine Merrill.

Spanish chorus—Angeline Boule, May Crowley, Anna Lyons, Alice Phillips, Mildred Mansur, Jennie Abodeley, Celina Benwell, Nora Murphy, Esther Nicholas, Rosalma Veranault, Loretta Durand.

Columbus' Vision

Columbus—David C. Doyle.

Spirits—Mary Barbera, Annette Foster, Grace Gillis, Lucy Lenkin, Josephine Teague, Agnes Dibys, Marguerite Conway, Anna O'Neil, Gwendolin Flanders, Ruth Fenders, Roberta Britton, Marlon Carroll, Mabel Mitchell, Lucille Lenkin, Mildred Sprague, Gladys Cottrell, Gladys McElvey, Margaret Riley, Frances Plaisted, Gladys Driscoll, Margaret Riley, Ethel L. Dunphy, Hazel Wright, Ruth Dickinson, Flora M. Long, Clara L. Kithredge, Florence Mc Bennett, Pauline L. Hardman, Ethel Howard.

Scenes from Indian Life

Prologue—Estelle Sears.

Ethel Kenworthy, Eleanor McFadden, Mary Cullinan, Mabel Sullivan, Margaret Bell, Margaret Coullin, Minnie Durstoff, Addie Williamson, Florelle Marchand, Belle Daull, Anna O'Connor, Catherine Mason, Margaret Tighe, Irene Foster, Genevieve Paul, Yvonne Fenster, Dorothy LeDue, Luisa Canas, Esther Berntron, Gladys Coughlin, Ellen Winters, Rebecca Winters, Mildred Hettu, Margarete Rourke, Alvina Mellen, Anna Taig, Alice Hurley, Mary Hartley, May Marsten, Lillian Ready, Ruth Richards, Bernice Cullinan, Theresa Hughes, Elizabeth Shea, Marguerite Reid, Ethel Watson, Eva Henelly, Violet Worschnellen, Emma Fitzgerald, Marguerite Mulligan, Alice Judge, Loretta Sullivan.

Puritans Bidding Farewell to Home

Prologue—Violet Wood, Madeline Day.

"Dear Home, Farewell," Anna Bell

Scene from the Life of Benjamin Franklin, Court of France, 1751.

Queen—Maria Antoinette—Anna Cooney, Mildred Buzzie.

Ladies and court dancers—Marguerite Goggin, Alice Carey, Mary Moore, Lorrette Sullivan, Marguerite Conlin, Irene Foster, Eleanor McPadden, Mildred Durstoff, Mary Geary, Marguerite Tighe, Edith Mattie, Madeline Wilson, Hanson, Elizabeth Horgan, Madeline Lynch, Alice Carroll, Elizabeth Shea, Madeline Meyer, Thelma Hughes, Charlotte Douglas, Minnie Turcotte, Anna O'Connor, Grace Harrington, Lois Hopkins, Alice Douglas, Rose bearers—Lillian Elesington, Gertrude Donahue, Isabel Leonard, Ruby Cockerell, Doris Wicker, Gladys Proctor, Gladys Devaney, Mildred Webb, Doris Sabourin, Grace Walker, Katherine Corcoran, Florida Marchand, Alice Carroll, Mildred Webb, Kathleen Scott.

The Realm of Columbus and Uncle Sam

Columbus—Alice Hardy, Annabel Maughan, Rose Boyle.

Uncle Sam—Willie Glode, William Cady, Harry Forget.

Ireland—Elizabeth Tarte, Mamie Sobolow.

England—Helen Maloney, Eldean Hibbard.

France—Gladys Coughlin, Ellinor Brett.

Scotland—Margaret Reid.

Japan—Kathryn Coughlin, Mildred Brett.

China—Everett Richardson, John Hopwood.

Sochi dance—Frances Glessie.

Dailey maids—Marguerite Reid, Mildred McNamee, Arline McNamee, Irene Sharkey, Edith Donlon, Helen Randal, Mildred McNamee, Bertha Riordan, Ruth Richards, Lillian Kreef, Helen Gleason, Elinor Douglas, Elsie Day.

Cowboys—John Burns, George Newell, Joseph Farley, Freeman Death, Walter Ryan, Edward Duffy, Charles Day.

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The Realm of Columbus and Uncle Sam

Columbus—Alice Hardy, Annabel Maughan, Rose Boyle.

Uncle Sam—Willie Glode, William Cady, Harry Forget.

Ireland—Elizabeth Tarte, Mamie Sobolow.

England—Helen Maloney, Eldean Hibbard.

France—Gladys Coughlin, Ellinor Brett.

Scotland—Margaret Reid.

Japan—Kathryn Coughlin, Mildred Brett.

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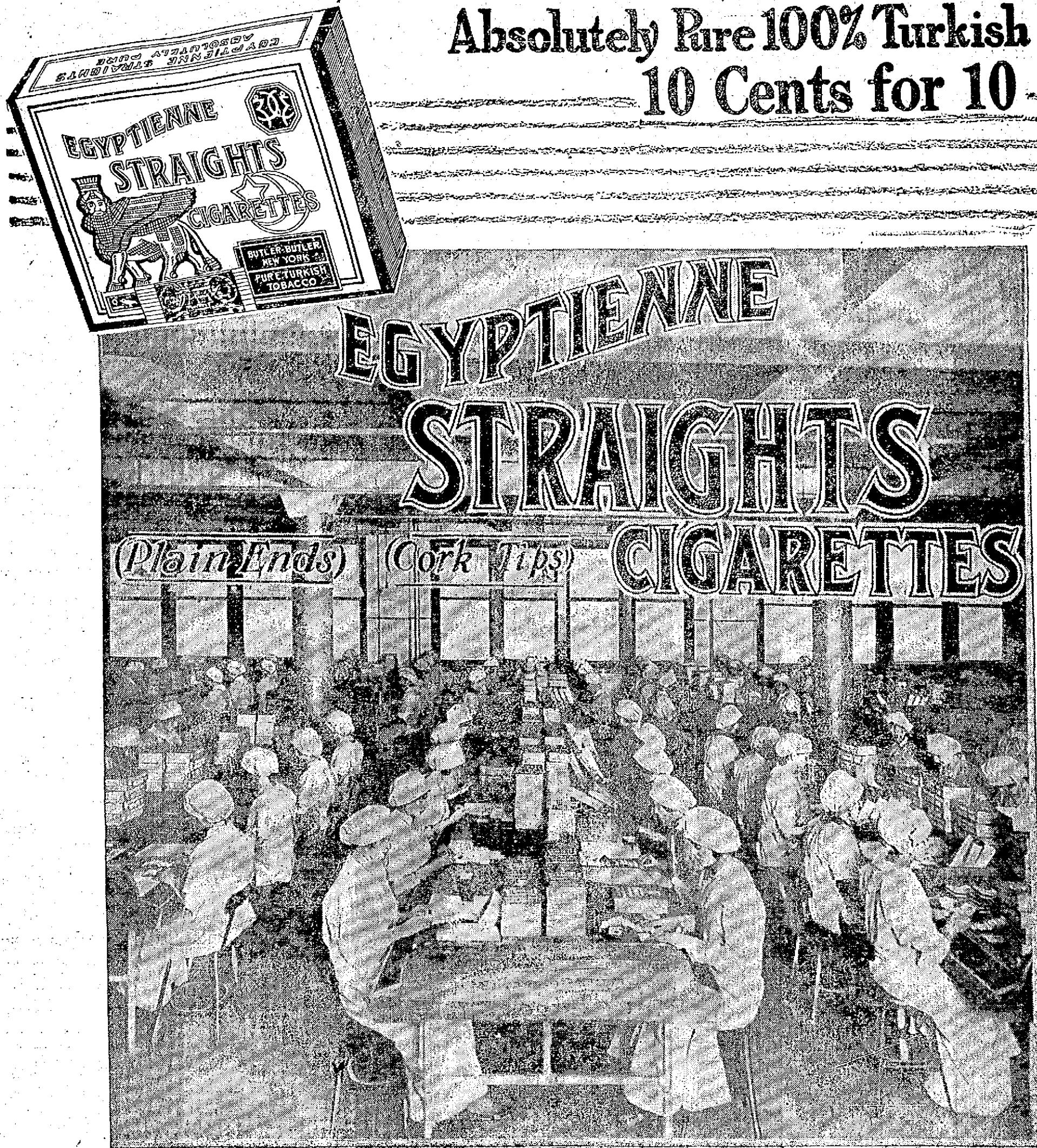
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Absolutely Pure 100% Turkish Tobacco

10 Cents for 10



You Can Smoke Straights with all the Confidence in the World, Gentlemen

WHAT other manufacturer of cigarettes can show a room like this? It is only a section of one floor, yet on all the other floors of the STRAIGHTS factory you will see the same wonderful appearing workrooms, the same intelligent looking people at work. There are no secrets in The American Tobacco Company's cigarette business. The STRAIGHTS factory is wide open for your inspection. From top to bottom it is full of interest.

IT is always the same — never has to be "fixed up," whether the visitor be a M'Cann or the most humble cigarette smoker. Mr. M'Cann, the arch-enemy of filth and deception in food products, cries to the world — "Cigarette Maker Puts Food Makers to Shame." For no darkness, dirt nor disease lurks in the STRAIGHTS factory — as you can plainly see.

CONSIDER with these methods of manufacture the fact that nothing but Turkish Tobacco is used in STRAIGHTS — Receiving Clerk Boyd's affidavit stating that in all his five years

of service he has never seen any but Turkish tobacco from bonded warehouses and bearing the original Turkish markings come into the STRAIGHTS factory; General Manager Vale's affidavit attesting to this fact, and finally, Vice-President O'Brien's statement, breathing confidence from beginning to end, that the public, once they smoked STRAIGHTS, will know that it is the millennium in ten-cent pure Turkish cigarettes and will appreciate it as such.

CONSIDER, furthermore, the pictures and affidavits which we printed in previous advertisements, all to acquaint you with the care with which The American Tobacco Company purchases the leaf in Turkey and examines and re-examines it — the novel Blending Board which patiently tests the different crops in order to maintain the general excellence of the blends — all these various processes of manufacture to convince you that it is *only reasonable to expect the satisfying smoke which STRAIGHTS give you — equalled nowhere at the price.*

REMEMBER we want everyone who can to visit the STRAIGHTS factory, 337-347 West 27th Street, New York City. A postal with your name and address will bring the cards of invitation promptly.

Egyptienne Straights Cigarettes Are Made and Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Company

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. MARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE TEACHING PROFESSION

Professor Warren C. Shaw uttered many home truths in his exceptionally fine address before the Lowell Teachers' Organization relative to the teaching profession. Teaching is all that he said, and more, albeit a comparison with other professions is not necessary in order to prove it. For the lawyer, or doctor, or theologian to deny the dignity and importance of teaching would be to deny the force that makes each effective in his sphere because the teaching profession is necessary for the development of all other professions.

There was a great deal of truth in the complaint that the world underestimates the teacher, because unfortunately the world is dazzled by the things that bring greater financial recognition. The daily drudgery of the schoolroom does not awake the thrill of admiration from the superficial, but it is this routine fidelity that shapes the character of the individual and ultimately moulds the character of the nation. Mr. Shaw need make no apology to an audience of teachers for having encouraged young men and women of exceptional ability to become teachers, though they will have to remain unselfish to see its surpassing dignity.

The fault in the public judgment of the teaching profession, however, does not lie wholly with the public; it is partly due to the indifference and shortsightedness of the state. The teaching profession will not be what it ought to be until our most brilliant young men take it up as they now take up the law or medicine, but unfortunately too often teaching is the last resort when all else has failed. Our normal schools have no male students, and many of our young men teachers are college graduates who have secured an excellent academic education but who have not specialized in the science of teaching.

This condition should not exist. The teaching profession should attract our best men and women, and the ideal of itself will not do it—even though the teacher is born, not made. When the state and the nation put the teaching profession on the same high plane as all other professions—and it belongs there—the condition of which Mr. Shaw complained will surely be amended in short order.

REDUCING UNEMPLOYMENT

There is practically no unemployment in this country at the present time, except where labor troubles or chronic aversion to labor keeps men out of work, temporarily or otherwise. This is an abnormal condition and while it may last during the war, it cannot last long afterwards. Some degree of unemployment must always exist in a country so vast and populous as ours, and no less reliable an authority than the secretary of labor states that, according to the census of 1900 and 1910, six million men are out of work during the year, most of them for months at a time. According to figures compiled by experts, unemployment represents a wage loss of \$100,000,000 annually, and it is almost wholly preventable.

It is said that in most cases, industries are looking for work in one section when workers are out of employment in another, and it is the aim of the government and private agencies to adopt a mobile elastic system that would tend to eliminate unemployment throughout this country. The closing sentence, especially, hints at a situation that is universal. To pay taxes is not popular and to collect them is scarcely more so. Yet, taxes must be collected and the only fair and sensible system is to collect them in each and every instance except where the payment is absolutely impossible.

A SLOW ANSWER

Perhaps there is no equivalent for "immediately" in the German language, and this may explain the delay in the answer to President Wilson's last note. That note demanded an immediate answer and a favorable one, otherwise relations would be broken. The answer has not been immediate as it is now two weeks and over since the note was sent, and no one can say it authoritatively whether it will be favorable or otherwise. We are told

that the immigrant has joined the ranks of labor he suffers equally with the native from every disorganization of the labor market. The entire problem is as important for the employer as for the employee since to get the proper type of workers is quite essential to success in industry.

Among the suggestions now being made to the government are that immigration be distributed more intelligently so that the newcomers may be sent where they are needed and where they would find the better opportunity, instead of being crowded into cities already congested. A system of national exchange is also proposed, and government employment agencies like that of Germany where it is said unemployment is almost unknown. It is also proposed that the government appropriate funds for the advancement of railroad fares and transportation and that a department of labor be established to do for industry what the improved consular service is doing for our foreign trade.

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT

Every time there is a discussion of some new building or something of the sort, Lowell must realize how very restricted is its municipal area. If the proposed building is in the nature of a postoffice or other public building, all possible sites must be found within a very limited circle, otherwise it will be wholly away from the business centre of the city. The city area of Lowell was so cramped and restricted at first that the city has suffered from lack of room, and what we need figuratively and literally is "room for improvement."

What are the improvements that we

that Germany is set against a break with the United States while being averse to changing its mode of submarine warfare. It cannot hold to both points at the same time. If it would avoid break with us, it must change its policy and that speedily since Washington intimates that this government will not wait much longer for the German reply. The stupidity of German diplomacy was never more in evidence than at the present time, note being a fine illustration of it.

BANK ADVERTISING

Anything more illogical and more foolish than a recent action of the bank commissioners of New Hampshire it would be hard to imagine. They issued an order forbidding the bank of that state to advertise, giving as the reason that "the first duty of a mutual savings bank is to its depositors and that an expenditure of money for the purpose of increasing its business must necessarily result in an impairment of the financial power of the institution." Bank commissioners who rule in this manner are out of touch with the times. All great banks advertise, in one way or another, and the bank that advertises best will eventually do its duty to its depositors in the fullest measure. Moreover, bank advertisements in the daily papers are an incentive to thrift as they promote the habit of saving, and this will do more good to the people than any foolish conception of antique dignity such as apparently permeates the bank commissioners of New Hampshire.

SEEN AND HEARD

When it comes to marrying, men display a lot more taste than women.

As soon as the girl gets old enough to quit believing in Santa Claus she falls in love and Cupid furnishes another myth.

Success is, after all, nothing but crawling out from under a whole pile of failure, getting up on top and crowing like a rooster.

When a woman has a long, thin neck it is called swanlike; when a man is built that way his Adam's apple knocks the poetry out of the thing.

UNPAID TAXES

We recently called the attention of Sun readers to the warning sent by Chief Gettymon to the city of Lawrence which has been especially negligent in the collection of unpaid taxes. He declared that unless these taxes were collected as they should, it would lead to an immediate increase in the tax rate. The press of Lawrence has taken the matter up and many editorials have been written urging the Lawrence authorities to collect the taxes without permitting any class to enjoy the unfair privilege of escaping the responsibility of paying their share towards the government of the city. The following excerpt from the Sun-American might be taken to heart by all municipalities and acted on with advantage:

The reason for non-enforcement of collection is not because of lack of power. It lies deeper, in the refusal to take the measures that are necessary. For instance, there are thousands of dollars owed the city by men in its employ, for poll taxes. All that would be necessary would be to withhold this amount from the pay, and return a receipt bill in lieu of wages, to the extent that is due. This has been done elsewhere, and has been tried in a few instances in Lawrence. The difficulty is that it is a very unpopular one with the men who are handled in this fashion. In past years, it has not been considered good politics, for these men have votes.

The closing sentence, especially, hints at a situation that is universal. To pay taxes is not popular and to collect them is scarcely more so. Yet, taxes must be collected and the only fair and sensible system is to collect them in each and every instance except where the payment is absolutely impossible.

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GRANDMOTHER KNEW

There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colic as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard plaster burned and blistered while it acted. You can now get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister.

MUSTEROLE does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin.

Just massage MUSTEROLE in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.

Start "rolling your own" with "Bull" Durham today for real smoking satisfaction.

Ask for FREE package of "papers" with each 5c pack.

In no other way can you get so much solid enjoyment out of a cigarette as by "rolling your own" with "Bull" Durham. Made of "bright" Virginia-North Carolina leaf, "Bull" Durham has an aroma that is unique and a mellow-sweet flavor that is unusual.

Just massage MUSTEROLE in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.

And there is nothing like MUSTEROLE for Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Headache, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chilblains, Frosted Feet, Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggists, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

MUSTEROLE

The AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

He boy, isn't it wicked for him to kick back?"

"Yes, indeed, it is certainly very wicked," was the mother's reply.

"Then, I don't play with Richard Whitney any more," said Eugene. "It's too wicked. I kicked him this morning and he kicked me back."

Chicago Journal.

Wanted to Be Sure

Buffalo Jones was telling an after-dinner story: "Pete had charge of the animal tent, and among his pets was a leopard, the only one with the snow. It was a bad leopard, too, and gave Pete far more trouble than all the rest of the menagerie together. One day, when the show was in New Jersey, I went out to Chicago to arrange some business. When I was having dinner a telegram was handed me. It read: 'The leopard has escaped. Frightening about the town. What shall I do? Pete.'

"Pete was one of those fellows who had to have explicit directions to do anything, even in an emergency. He was always afraid of making a mistake. I rushed from the table and sent a reply.

"Shoot him on the spot," I wired. "Being unusually busy, I forgot all about the affair until about two hours later, when I returned to the hotel, and another telegram was handed me. It proved to be from the careful consulente, Pete, and asked:

"Which spot?"—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Horrid Old Thing

An engineer of the Boston & Maine Railroad, showed rare (R) Judgment Sunday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock, when he passed through the tunnel on his locomotive, by choosing that place as the spot to "clean out" his engine by blowing out oil, dirt and other waste.

As a result of his "foresight," 30

complaints for battered clothing

were lodged with Station Master

Whitehead up to 9 o'clock Sunday evening.

The engine came up through the tunnel just when a large crowd

of people were congregated in Town

House square. From some portion

of the engine, a lot of steam was es-

caping, and everyone in the vicinity,

even as far as Ropes' corner, felt a

cloud of mist strike their face. Then

it was discovered the damage that

had been done. White collars were

tastefully decorated with little spots

of oil, as was the clothing of the

passersby. Some 50 people suffered

in the affair, and complaints were at

once lodged with Station Master

Whitehead and will be forwarded to

headquarters. The engineer's ears

must have burned at the "complimentary" things said about him by people

were put to all sorts of inconvenience by his lack of judgment. The claim

department may have several claims

as a result of the incident.

—Salem, Mass.

"The Bill Board"

A paraphrase of "The Old Oaken Bucket."

How dear to our hearts are the "signs" of our city.

When swift moving Fordings pre-

sent them to view, the map ads, the pill ads, the chorus

girls giddy.

The breakfast food ads which our

infancy knew,

The beautiful ads made with gallons

of colors,

Shut out our faces from every

old wall,

Advising us how we should spend all

our dollars,

To buy with our cash things we don't

need at all.

Chorus:

The red painted sign-boards,

The green-lettered posters,

The gaudy old sign-boards that

cover our walls.

These crazy old sign-boards I call as

a treasure,

For often at noon when I'm going

out to lunch I find them a source of most exquisite

pleasure.

Alas! No more will I see that

gay bunch!

No more will I see them with eyes that

are glowing,

Believing the marvelous wonders they

tell me,

For soon they'll be gone, they'll be

gone,

So sweet, dreamy Mayo's and Zira,

farewell!

Chorus:

The red painted sign-boards,

The brazen-faced bill-boards,

The gaudy creations that plaster

our walls.

Soon art-signs will tell us in drawings

curtis

or corslets and whiskers and any old

thing,

Not red, gaudy scarlets, but colors ar-

tistic,

The finest that painters and artists

can sling!

We're all to be given free art edu-

cations,

The tears of regret will be thick as

LIFE SENTENCES 65,000 ON STRIKE

Tracey and Rogers, Convicted of Murder, Sent to State Prison

BOSTON, May 4.—Life sentences in the state prison were imposed today upon Frank J. Tracey and Delavan J. Rogers, who were found guilty last Monday of second degree murder for the killing of Samuel Cohen, a junkman. Cohen was shot after being lured to a house in the south end for purposes of robbery. Tracey was captured later at Jersey City, N. J., and Rogers at Port Madison, Iowa. At the trial each accused the other of the shooting.

ORDERS BOYS WHIPPED

COURT RULES ON THEFT OF LEAL FROM GRAVESTONES BY THREE LYNN BOYS

BOSTON, May 4.—Three boys were yesterday found guilty in the Lynn court of stealing lead from gravestones in Pine cemetery, Lynn. Judge Lumanus, presiding in the Lynn juvenile court, ordered that the boys be given a whipping by their parents in the presence of a police officer.

If the parents of the boys do not attend the punishment of the boys by whipping them on or before May 10, Judge Lumanus declared he will then consider whether to send the boys to the Lynn school.

SEN. O'GORMAN TO RETIRE

ANNOUNCES HIS DETERMINATION TO RETIRE FROM SENATE NEXT MARCH

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Senator O'Gorman of New York in a statement today announced his determination to retire from the senate next March. "When my term expires on March 4, 1917," the statement said, "I shall have completed an uninterrupted public service of 24 years, 18 years as a judge and six years as a senator. My personal affairs now require and should receive my undivided attention."

CARMEN ACCEPT OFFER

CLEVELAND, O., May 4.—Motor-men and conductors of the Cleveland Railway Co. voted 1123 to 456 early today to accept the company's compromise wage offer thus averting a strike.

The terms as accepted by the men call for a wage increase of two cents an hour effective at once with an additional one cent increase May 1, 1917. The first year men have been getting 29 cents an hour and the others 32 cents.

BERLIN, May 4.—(By wireless to Sayville)—Revolutionary workmen in Moscow have exploded kerosene and benzine tanks belonging to the Russian government, according to reports from Stockholm received by the Overseas News agency. The reports say that more than 5000 tons of the oils were destroyed.

Fire which followed the explosions spread to the administrative and other buildings in the neighborhood of the tanks and is still burning.

NO. CHELMSFORD NEWS

Several contracts for the construction and equipment of the new high school in Chelmsford Centre were awarded last evening by the special committee appointed at the annual town meeting held a few months ago. The awards were as follows: Alway & Meloy, Lowell, brick work, carpentry, mason work, plastering and painting, amount of bid, \$11,936; heating and ventilation, H. H. Richardson, Chelmsford Centre, amount of bid, \$7500; plumbing, Hobson & Lawler, Lowell, amount of bid, \$1587; electrical work, W. L. Hinckley, Lowell, amount of bid, \$784. The total of the lowest bids is \$51,867.

The other bids sent in were as follows:

Construction work: E. A. Peabody, Lawrence, \$19,000; Edwards & Monahan, Chelmsford, \$47,115; Thomas W. Johnson Co., \$18,377; Staples Bros., \$45,000; D. H. Walker, \$18,515; Burton H. Wiggin Co., \$32,218; Charles E. Currier Co., Boston, \$42,835; E. W. Putman, Lawrence, \$47,264; Nashua Building Co., \$44,967; John W. Duff, Inc., Boston, \$33,705.

Heating and ventilation: Farrell & Conaton, \$5394; M. J. Maher & Co., Worcester, \$3270; Edward A. Burrows, Boston, \$5147; Chisholm & Co., Boston, \$7665; Welsh Bros., \$3265; E. T. Shaw, \$3300.

Plumbing: H. H. Wilder, \$2205; J. F. McMahen & Co., \$2407; H. H. Richardson, \$1986; Chisholm & Co., \$1780; T. Costello & Co., \$1918; John E. Drury, \$1855; J. J. Spillane & Co., \$2130; Farrell & Conaton, \$1750; Scott & O'Day, \$1857; Thomas H. Murphy, \$1884; Welsh Bros., \$1925.

Electrical work: J. A. Derby & Co., Worcester, \$5320; Edward A. Burrows, Boston, \$5147; Chisholm & Co., Boston, \$7665; Welsh Bros., \$3265; E. T. Shaw, \$3300.

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TAX RATE MAY JUMP

The Town of Dracut Faces Higher Taxes—Notes of Interest to the Town—Road Work in Prospect

Just because the American Woolen Co., which has a large plant in the Colinsville district of Dracut, and which was formerly a company incorporated under the laws of Connecticut, has been incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts, it is believed on good authority that the tax rate for 1916 in the town of Dracut will increase about \$1.50 for the town loses a tax on a sum amounting to about \$3,400. According to the law all that can be assessed on a company incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts are the real estate property and machinery. Up to this year the American Woolen Co. was incorporated under the laws of Connecticut and its personal property including houses, automobiles, etc., was assessed and the help of some extent to keep the tax rate down.

None of the assessors in conversation with a Sun reporter yesterday stated that unless the loss through the incorporation of the new real estate, the tax rate will jump about \$1.50, which means that the rate will probably be \$28 per thousand. Several new houses were erected in Collinsville and the Centre village, and accordingly the assessors were hopeful that they could make up the loss by taxing new property, but this now seems impossible on account of the large amount involved.

Another reason for a coming increase is the fact that the town at its last town meeting has raised \$1,000 more than in the previous year. The assessors have started on their annual tour of the town and they hope to conclude within a few weeks. Then they will get busy on the books and it is probable they will announce the new rate by the latter part of July.

Auto Polish

Polish the body, hood and fenders of your auto with

Johnson's Prepared Wax

It preserves the varnish and gives a perfectly hard, dry, glasslike finish that will not gather dust. Mud and oil stains are more easily removed from cars polished with this wax.

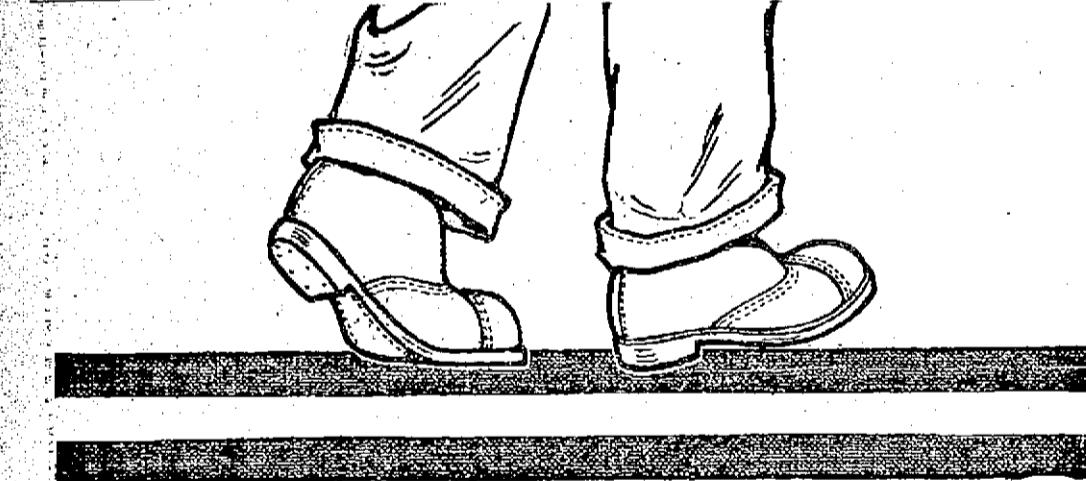
TRY IT.

HANDY SIZE CAN, 25c

Adams Hardware

AND PAINT CO.

Middlesex St. Near the Depot



"KNU-SHUS"

Cost Less and Last Longer Than Leather Shoes

For factory workers, mechanics, structural workers, roofers, masons, carpenters, teamsters, motormen, postmen, farmers.

"Knu-Shus" are the country-wide standard shoes for workmen.

Workers have found these shoes are longer-lasting than the leather shoes they have been wearing.

They have found them far more comfortable—none of the discomfort that comes from heavy, leather shoes.

Besides—"Knu-Shus" cost far less than leather shoes of anywhere near the same quality.

"Knu-Shus" are a great revolution in low-price, hard-service working shoes.

Their soles are made of a composition having rubber as the principal part. They have all the flexibility of rubber with far greater toughness than leather.

The uppers are made of a new process duck, as strong as the fabric in automobile tires, and are far more easy and comfortable than leather uppers can possibly be.

Made also in Youths' and Boys' sizes.

Go to your Shoe Dealer today—Try on a Pair of "KNU-SHUS"

These Dealers in Lowell now have "KNU-SHUS"

A. G. Pollard Co., 144 Merrimack St.

Bulger Shoe Co., 115 Central St.

G. E. Mongeau, 462 Merrimack St.

J. L. Chalifoux Co., Central and Merrimack Sts.

The 20th Century Shoe Store, 88 Merrimack St.

Levin & Kotzen, 38 Gorham St.

P. Sousa & Co., 99 Gorham St.

Geo. E. Hutchins, 107 Central St.

KNU-SHUS

Dracut grange will be held at their headquarters in the Centre village on the evening of May 15. The affair will be known as "Veterans' Night" and the speaker of the evening will be Rev. Albert H. Wheelock of Marlboro, who will speak on "Something to Remember." This will be one of the most important meetings this year and the officers hope that the attendance will be very large.

Missionary Society

An interesting meeting of the members of the Missionary society of the Centre Village was held Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Daniel Fox in Aiken avenue. The attendance was large and considerable business was transacted. At the close of the business meeting a social hour was spent during which time refreshments were served.

Parent-Teachers

"Children's Night" is the title of the event which is being prepared under the auspices of the Parent-Teachers' association of the Kenwood school. The affair will be held at the school on the evening of May 11, and the organizers hope it will be a real success. An entertainment program is being prepared under the direction of Mrs. Lester Chenevay and Mrs. J. Corbett. The other members of the committee are Manuel Aguayo, Victoria Leblanc and Amédée Pilote.

Personal

Mrs. Clinton Fox of Marsh Hill recently underwent a serious operation, and her many friends are wishing her a speedy recovery.

Oliver Colburn is erecting a home in Bridge street opposite the Centre Congregational church.

Conant Udell, the town accountant, has had his automobile overhauled and repainted and he is now riding about the town in a "brand new car."

Henry Peabody's home in Arlington Pond and along the Merrimack river at Bell Grove are busy preparing their summer homes, and it is expected that before the end of the month several camps will be occupied.

ZEPPELIN LOST

L-20 Completely Destroyed and Driven Ashore—Many Missing

LONDON, May 4.—The Zeppelin L-20 has been completely destroyed and driven ashore on the western side of Firth of Firth, Norway, according to advices from Stavanger. Some of the crew were rescued.

The Zeppelin L-20 passed north of Sandness about 10 o'clock in the morning, says a Reuter despatch from Stavanger. She was flying low and was damaged. Five or six men were seen to jump from the airship. Boats put out and the commander and one man were rescued and taken to a hospital.

The Zeppelin was then driven against a hillside. Its after-body broke in two and part of it fell. Some of the crew jumped or were hurled out.

The Zeppelin then rode a little and was driven westward, but the bag collapsed in the centre and the airship descended rapidly.

A torpedo boat, which had been following along the coast, went to its assistance and rescued three men still in the cabin. A fourth man had jumped out shortly before.

Most of the Crew Missing

Of the rescued men three officers and two non-commissioned officers were brought ashore; the whereabouts of the

rest of the crew is not known.

The Zeppelin was completely destroyed and driven ashore on the western side of the Firth, near its outlet to the sea.

The Zeppelin air raid on the northeast coast of England and southeast coast of Scotland last night resulted in 36 casualties. This announcement was made officially yesterday. One hundred bombs were dropped.

The text of the statement reads:

"The Zeppelin raid last night covered a considerable extent of the east coast. At least five or six airships actually crossed the shore."

"Reports from reliable observers made at various times during the night at many points, some as far distant as Rattray Head, Scotland, down to the north coast of Norfolk, would point to the possibility of a greater number of airships having been employed off our coast. The enemy, however, made only two attempts to penetrate the statement reads:

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HELD ANNUAL BANQUET

ARRESTED IN DUBLIN, IRE.

GEORGE F. MAGUIRE
Chairman Banquet Committee.JOHN H. BURKE
President

Enjoyable Social Event by the Lowell Grocers' and Butchers' Association at Harrisonia Hotel

In the main dining room of the Harrisonia hotel last evening the Lowell Grocers and Butchers with their ladies enjoyed their annual banquet. The hall was well filled and the party was divided in groups at a number of tables that gave the assembly the appearance of a dining room made up of many small parties. It was an agreeable change from the long tables usually seen at such banquets. The reception committee, Messrs. Edward M. Bowers, Edward Fitzpatrick and Alanson Gray were right on their job and received the guests with all due ceremony. Gray's orchestra discoursed lively music during the evening and availed of the fine opportunity in the waits between courses to display its ability.

After the select menu had been disposed of or about 10 o'clock, Mr. Gee F. Maguire, chairman of the banquet committee, called to order and introduced President John H. Burke as toastmaster. Mr. Burke in a brief address of welcome expressed his pleasure at seeing so many members of the

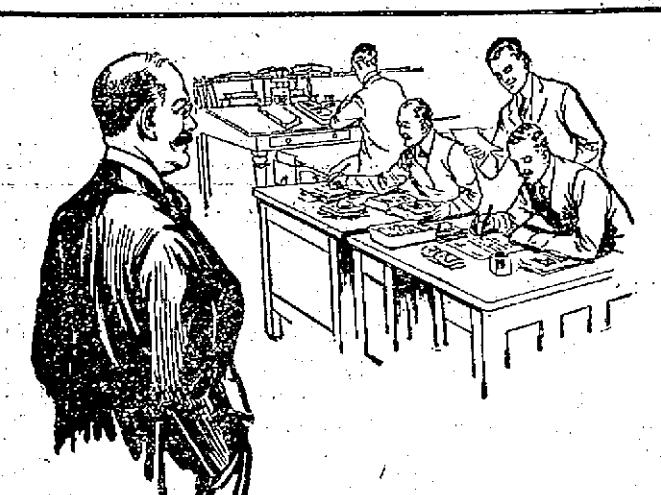
association present and especially at the attendance of so many of the ladies. He wished to open the exercises by asking the audience to join in singing America with orchestral accompaniment.

Mayor O'Donnell

The first speaker introduced was His Honor, Mayor O'Donnell, who was very cordially received.

His Honor spoke in a humorous vein, referring to his physical condition as that of an athlete who has to do considerable running. He had almost dispensed of qualifying for the Fat Men's banquet which comes next Monday night. He had appointed his friend, Jackson Palmer, Esq., on a waterways committee and Jackson has been running after him ever since.

He was glad to extend to the association the greetings of the city of Lowell, a city enjoying perhaps the greatest degree of prosperity in her history, a prosperity in which all may share. He referred to the mills and the factories working with full force,



The Hard-Headed Business Man

Insists on a high degree of "fitness" in his employees.

That means proper co-ordination between brain and body, and for its best realization there must be care in the matter of food.

A well-balanced diet is essential, one easily digestible and rich in nerve-building material. Very often the result of improper food is seen in indigestion, "brain-fag," nervousness and general inefficiency.

Grape-Nuts

a delicious food made of whole wheat and malted barley, is admirably adapted for brain workers; for included in its rich nutrient, are the vital mineral elements—phosphate of potash, etc., grown by Nature in the grains.

These mineral elements are absolutely essential to well-balanced bodies, brains and nerves, but are often lacking in much of the food that goes to make up the usual dietary.

A daily ration of Grape-Nuts along with other food is just the thing to put one in fine fettle.

"There's a Reason"

for

Grape Nuts

sold by Grocers everywhere.

Jas. Sullivan, Former American Minister, Charged With Complicity in Revolt

LONDON, May 4, 3:12 p.m.—James M. Sullivan of New York, formerly American minister to Santo Domingo, has been arrested in Dublin on the charge of complicity in the Irish rebellion.

CONNOLLY IS ALIVE

Dispatch From Dublin Announces But Three Rebel Leaders Shot—McNeill Missing

DUBLIN, May 3 (Delayed)—Justice has been swift in the case of the leaders of the Sinn Fein rebellion. Three of the ringleaders who signed the proclamation of the short-lived Irish republic, paid the supreme sacrifice this morning. They were Patrick H. Pearce, the scholarly president of the provisional government; Thomas MacDonagh and Thomas J. Clark. Their death sentences were pronounced by the field general court martial and were duly confirmed by the highest authorities.

Connolly in Prison

Of the other signatories, James Connolly is lying in prison wounded. Sean MacDiarmad, Eamonn Ceannt and Joseph Plunkett are somewhere in Ireland, whether free or captured is not publicly known.

the people busy, contented and happy, getting all the advantages and privileges that can be offered by any city of our size in the country. He paid a high compliment to the Grocers' and Butchers' association as filling an important place in the activities of the community. In conclusion he wished the association and its members continued prosperity, knowing as he did that by their enterprise they fully deserve it.

Edward Fitzpatrick

Past President Edward Fitzpatrick spoke for the association. He stated that the stores conducted by the members of the association are kept up to as high a standard in cleanliness, sanitary conditions and general efficiency as those of any city in the United States. He said the organization had been incorporated 30 years ago and few of the charter members are left, although he could mention one still active in Mr. O. B. Ranlett. The association maintains a legislative agent to oppose laws that would be detrimental to their business and to the public. He felt that these social events do much good in bringing the members into more friendly relations and letting the public know just what the organization represents.

Henry W. Mansfield

Mr. Henry W. Mansfield, secretary of the Massachusetts Provision Dealers' association, was the next speaker. He told what is being done to equalize food standards throughout the United States for the benefit of the public and the convenience of the dealers. He cited the single item of vinegar as an example of the work. At present the standard of vinegar is higher in Massachusetts than is required by the agricultural department of the federal government. A bill is before the legislature to have the standard changed from 41-2 to 4-6 per cent, and he hoped it would become law.

Representative Victor Jewett, he said, assisted the association in pushing the measure. At present the dealers have endless trouble in ascertaining the precise standard of the article. With a uniform standard they could purchase anywhere without risk of being brought into court for violation of law on a mere technicality. He gave many instances in which he said the merchant grocers are unjustly compelled to pay for the sealing of weights and measures which is done for the public benefit. He mentioned reductions that had been secured for sealing molasses and oil pumps.

He referred to the enforcement of the closing laws on Sundays, to the opposition to fake advertising and hawkers and peddlers. He advised the dealers to appeal to the state police if the local police under Chief Welch failed to do their duty. He complimented David Gerow and Alanson Gray for their readiness to go out and fight for the interests of the dealers.

Supt. Welch

Supt. Welch when called upon remarked that he didn't know exactly whether it was his prominence as a police official or his capacity as a speaker that caused him to be invited to such social affairs.

He replied to Mr. Mansfield's insinuation that it might be necessary to bring in the state police here by alleging that the state police would regard a complaint relative to Lowell as a huge joke. Lowell, he said, is a crimeless city. You hear of no hold-ups, no burglaries, no serious crimes of any kind and it was by running down the crap shooters and other minor offenders that the more serious crimes are prevented. He believed in removing the causes of crime and catching the offenders in the initial acts. He then gave a description of how the third degree work is conducted, but made no reference to finger prints.

Secretary Murphy

Secretary John H. Murphy made a neat and appropriate speech dealing with the origin and aims of the association. Its various lines of usefulness and its importance in the community. As usual of course Mr. Murphy gave Lowell a boost and wound up with this quotation:

"Wherever record of men you find who've served their country or their kind;

With sword or pen or hand or heart

Lowell has done an honorable part

By the busy mills which hum and sing

By the engine's stroke or anvil's ring

It is rit in fibre and steel and wood

Art is the handmaid of human good."

During the course of the evening there were songs by James Roane, Frank P. McCarl, Patrick Nevins, Jackson Palmer and Commissioner Donnelly, all well known and popular vocalists.

The banquet committee consisted of Messrs. Geo. F. Maguire, chairman, John McCullough, John P. Curley, John J. Sullivan, Henry Dunham, John H. Burke, Edward Fitzpatrick, Alanson Gray and Edward M. Bowers.

The officers of the Lowell Grocers'

and Butchers' association are: John H. Burke, president; John McCullough, secretary, and Edward M. Bowers,

storekeeper.

Doyle's Orch., Princeton Club, Friday.

104 SO. WHIPPLE STREET

Near Moore St. Free Auto Delivery

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NESMITH ESTATE

LATEST ELLIOTT CAPTURED NEAR SCENE OF DOUBLE MURDER

CONNOLLY SPOKE HERE

New Hampshire Seeks Authority to Accept \$80,000 for Property

CAMBRIDGE, May 4.—The state of New Hampshire, through Gov. Rolland H. Spaulding, appeared as plaintiff in a bill in equity filed in the supreme court here today, which seeks to obtain a cash settlement for property in Lowell, bequeathed to New Hampshire by the will of John Nesmith of that city. The latter gave the property valued at \$60,000 to the state to be used for the benefit of the indigent blind of New Hampshire. The state, according to the bill, has been unable properly to administer the property and seeks authority to accept an offer of \$80,000 in cash made by the trustees of the Nesmith estate.

IN SUPERIOR COURT

VERDICTS RENDERED IN BOSTON & MAINE CASE—SUIT AGAINST BOSTON ELEVATED RAILROAD

The case of Harry J. Swanson vs. Harry Pollard, an action of tort by which the plaintiff seeks to recover for alleged damages to his automobile in a collision with the defendant's auto, which went to trial yesterday at the civil session of the superior court, was taken from the jury late yesterday afternoon and a verdict was rendered for the defendant.

The next case on was a double suit, one of the Metz Co. vs. the Boston & Maine Railroad and the other was that of the Frontier Iron Works Co. vs. the Metz Co. In the first case the plaintiff company claimed that the railroad failed to deliver to the company's plant 674 rough castings, which had been shipped by the Frontier Iron Works Co. while in the second case the Frontier Iron Works Co. sued to recover payment from the Metz Co. for the said castings. The jury reported a verdict of \$244.10 in the first case, and \$259.50 in the second.

At the opening of this morning's session the case of Martin Conley of Cambridge vs. the Boston Elevated Co., an action of tort in the sum of \$2000, was started. In this case the plaintiff claims that on Sept. 10, 1914, his wife, Kate Conley, was severely injured owing to the negligence of a servant of the company in the operation of a turnstile through which the woman was passing while entering the Central Square station in Cambridge, said station being in the care of the defendant company. The wife of the plaintiff, it is claimed, has died since the accident, but there is no allegation that death was due to the accident. The Boston Elevated Co. in its answer denies each and all allegations, and states that the wife of the plaintiff was not exercising due care when the accident occurred.

POLICE COURT SESSION

MEN FINED FOR OBSTRUCTING THE SIDEWALK AT THE WATERHEAD MILLS

Vartan Manogian and Apisogian Sogigian, two of the strikers at the Waterhead mills in Lawrence street, were arrested by Patrolmen Mark Sullivan and Wallace this morning about 6:30 o'clock while attempting to prevent people from walking through the sidewalk towards the mill. They were sent to the police station where they were charged with obstructing the sidewalk.

The arresting officers during the course of their testimony stated that there were about 100 people in the vicinity of the plant about 6:30 o'clock and that the defendants were trying to prevent people from walking into the mill yard. The defendants were warned on several occasions not to obstruct the sidewalk, according to the officers, and they refused to obey the orders.

One of the defendants, it was stated, had a stick in his hand, but upon the approach of the officers he placed it under a log. The stick, which was about three feet long, was produced in court.

The defendants denied that they were in the way or doing any harm, but the court found the pair guilty and ordered each to pay a fine of \$20. Judge Enright, through an interpreter, told the men that while they had a perfect right to strike if they saw fit, they had no right to obstruct the sidewalk or prevent others from going to work. Both

OTHER CASES

John Platt entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his three children since the first of the year. Upon promising to do better in the future he was placed in the custody of the probation officer for six months.

A number of drunks were variously disposed of.

McWilliams & Warner, Asso. Friday.

NOT KNOWN IN LOWELL

The Lynn police notified the Lowell officials that Mrs. Catherine Grimshaw, thought to be of Lowell, was in Lynn hospital suffering from gas poisoning. It was said that the woman had two sons living in Lowell, but the Lowell officers were unable to locate them. The woman has been in the hospital since Sunday morning, and her condition is regarded as quite serious.

It's a Pleasure to Work

with the System thoroly cleaned of Constipation

GENUINE BEARS SIGNATURE

Brentwood

by

CARTER'S

LITTLE LIVER PILLS

HAFFER GUILTY

Convicted of Libelling the Memory of George Washington

TACOMA, Wash., May 4.—A verdict of guilty was returned last night by a superior court jury that for four days had been sitting in the trial of Paul H. Haffer of this city, accused of libelling the memory of George Washington. The maximum penalty for the offense, under a state statute, is one year in the county jail, a fine of \$1000 or both.

Col. Albert E. Jacob, an attorney, caused Haffer's arrest after the latter had sent a letter to a newspaper referring to Washington as a "blasphemous," "slave holder" and "inveterate drinker."

WATERWAYS COMMITTEE

The following communications having to do with protection of waterways in the city of Lowell have been forwarded by the mayor by the committee on waterways:

Lowell, Mass., May 3, 1916.
Hon. James E. O'Donnell,

Dear Mr. Mayor:

We are in receipt of a letter from the agent of the Merrimack Mfg. Co. in reply to a recent letter from this committee in relation to the unsafe places along the Merrimack canal. We are pleased to report to you, the courteous, satisfactory and public-spirited attitude Mr. Weddigh has manifested in this matter by volunteering to remedy the situation.

We herewith enclose a copy of Mr. Weddigh's letter.

Very truly yours,

Jackson Palmer,
Harry W. J. Howe,
Frank A. Warnock,
Merrimack Manufacturing Company.

Lowell, Mass., May 3, 1916.
Mr. Jackson Palmer,
Mr. Harry W. J. Howe,
Mr. Frank A. Warnock,

Gentlemen:—I have your letter of April 29th, regarding approaches to foot bridge on Anne and Dutton streets and also fence along the canal, Dutton street side.

The approaches to the canal bridge we had in mind to fix immediately. It would have been attended to in the full but rush of other work prevented our going ahead. As to the fence on Dutton street we have postponed action on this from year to year as we expected the Locks and Canals would renew the wall, raising it about one foot. It was our intention then to put in an iron fence that would correspond to the Anne street fence. However, as there is no immediate prospect of a new wall, we will arrange for a suitable wire fence to be about four and one-half feet high.

We are perfectly willing to co-operate with you in any way you may find advisable to prevent the loss of life of children from drowning in our canal. If you do not think a four and one-half foot fence is the proper thing, we will arrange to build it differently.

Yours truly,
J. C. Weddigh, Agent.

CONSERVATION CONGRESS

DELEGATES FACE THREATENED FIGHT OVER QUESTION ON WATER POWER SITES

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Delegates to the national conservation congress, in session here today, faced a threatened fight over the question of whether the body will maintain its opposition to removing from public ownership any undeveloped water power sites in the country. The majority report of the water power committee, ready for presentation, recommended endorsement of the Shields bill, while the minority report urged condemnation of the measure. This bill would authorize the secretary of war to permit private interests to construct dams in navigable streams and operate power plants for 50 years. At the expiration of that time the plants might be purchased by the government.

At its last meeting, three years ago, the conservation congress became involved in a similar dispute, which ended in a victory for the opponents of the proposal that the government give up its ownership of water sites. Gifford Pinchot led the winning fight at that time and the same element was behind the minority committee report today.

The report of the forestry committee also presented today pointed out that in case of war great quantities of wool pulp and rosin would be used in the manufacture of explosives and surgical supplies.

The report recommended that the government adopt a permanent policy of acquiring land "in the Appalachian region by purchase and the western forests by consolidation and extension, wherever possible, through the exchange of timber for privately cut over land and inclusion of the remaining timbered domain." The most wealthy and progressive states, municipalities and private corporations of semi-public nature should set an example in acquisition and cultivation of forests, the report suggested.

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